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ODAY IN

Foreign bases ruled out Second Deputy Premier and Defense and Aviation Minister Prince Sultan reaffirms the Kingdom's rejection of foreign bases or any alien presence on its territory "under any circumstances, at present or in future."—Page 2

Israelis turn back doctors A French medical team which wanted to set up an emergency hospital in Sidon, South Lebanon, has been turned back by the Israeli invaders who have killed over 1,000 civilians in the area during the first day of the invasion.-Page 3

Probe of U.S. advisers The U.S. ambassador to El Salvador orders an investigation into allegations that two American military advisers violated regulations by handling weapons in a guerrilla combat zone.-Page 4

Islam in perspective This week's column deals with the Islamic discipline and the significance of fasting during the month of Ramadan. And our dialogue continues.—Page 7

America's first lady Of all recent American first ladies. Mrs. Nancy Reagan is perhaps the most tuned in to high performance, says her interviewer.-Page 8

Row on Gibraltar British Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher's statement on Gibraltar negotiations raises a diplomatic row in Spain .-

Bid to kill Mugabe fails

HARARE, June 24 (Agencies) — Zimbabwean Prime Minister Robert Mugabe escaped unhurt from a pre-dawn gun attack on his official residence here Thursday, police officiais said.

A second attack by armed men was carried out against the home of National Supplies Minister Enos Nkala in the suburb of Borrowdale, about six kilometers (four miles) north of Mugabe's residence. A government spokesman said that Nkala was not injured in the attack.

Security men on guard duty shot back at the attackers and the body of one man and two unused rocket launchers were found after the early morning raid.

The man killed, who was black, was thought to have been one of the assailants.

the spokesman added. The prime minister and Senator Nkala have residences close to each other near the

The national news agency Ziana quoted unidentified sources as saying that the attackers wore Zimbabwe Army uniforms and were believed to have used trucks stolen from military barracks. The spokesman said: "With the situation in the country, it is obvious the attackers were bandits."

center of Harare.

The government has blamed bandits for the killing of 25 people in the last three months and said they are former guerrillas loyal to opposition leader Joshua Nkomo.

Most of the killings were in Matabeleland which is Nkomo's political base. The government has frequently accused white and black opposition parties of plotting against it.

Last December, the Harare headquarters of Mugabe's Zanu-PF party was bombed and seven people were killed. Zimbabwe newspapers said the blast occurred at a time that Mugabe and top ministers would normally have been holding a regular meeting in the building. It had been postponed by chance.

Suzuki deeply disturbed

More fall in computer spying net

- Three more persons have been arrested in an investigation into alleged sales of computer secrets to Japanese companies, the federal prosecutor's office here announced.

It brought the number of those arrested in California to nine. Six Japanese businessmen have already appeared in court on charges of conspiring to transport stolen material and have been given bail. The latest arrests, announced Wednesday, were of businessmen Tomozo Kimura and Barry Saffaie, and

woman student Tabassom Ayazi.

A special agent for U.S. Customs said
Kimura was arrested at San Francisco airport as he was about to leave for Japan. He was charged with trying to export items without a licence. Saffaie and Miss Ayazi were accused of receiving stolen goods.

Warrants have also been issued for the arrest of 12 businessmen living in Japan.

Federal prosecutor Joe Russoniello told a press conference that the U.S. Justice Department was considering whether to apply for the extradition of the 12 from Japan. Among those arrested were representatives of the Japanese companies Hitachi and Mitsubishi Electric.

In Tokyo, Mitsubishi Electric Corp. admitted Thursday that a Mitsubishi-connected company based in America had bought a "sample" of IBM computer secrets from a U.S. consulting firm. The disclosure was made to Japan's Ministry of International Trade and Industry (MITI), a ministry offi-

According to the Mitsubishi report to the ministry, the company's head office in Tokyo was not directly involved in the case. Mitdeal was made, the official said.

When the news of Japanese spy activities in the U.S. reached Tokyo Wednesday, Mitsubishi flatly denied the American charge.

employees bought the information after a

working for a U.S. firm of consultants

Meanwhile, Japanese Prime Minister Zenko Suzuki expressed shock Thursday at the arrest of Japanese computer executives in the U.S. and said he hoped it would not impair relations between Tokyo and Washington. "It is a very shocking incident." Suzuki told a parliamentary committee. "We have to deal with it by thoroughly and prudently investigating and studying what has actually happened.

It was the prime minister's first public reaction to accusations on the issue. Suzuki's fears that the incident could damage relations with Washington were echoed by Foreign Minister Yoshio Sakuraachi, who said the case came as the U.S. and Japan were looking at ways to carry out technological cooperation in the future.

Discussion is going on at top government levels on how to react if the U.S. asks for the extradition of the 12 Japanese living in this country for whom arrest warrants have been

Rejecting no-war, no-peace status

Iran attacks retreating Iraqi army

TEHRAN, June 24 (Agencies) — Iranian forces have attacked Iraqi troops withdrawing from Iranian territory, the head of Iranian war propaganda, Kamal Kharazi, said here Thursday.

"We are attacking retreating Iraqi forces in some sectors," Kharazi said during a press conference, "because we do not want their retreat to be easy and we want as few of their troops as possible to return home."

Iraqi President Saddam Hussein announced Sunday that his forces would withdraw from occupied Iranian territory over the following ten days. The Iraqi announcement was called "a new plot" here, and several Iranian public figures said the 21-month-old war between the two countries would continue until all of their conditions were satisfied, including the fall of Iraq's Baathist governmeat. Asked about a possible Iranian advance

into Iraqi territory, Kharazi, who is also a

member of the Supreme Defense Council, said Iran would use "all possible means to destroy even further the war machine of Saddam." Kharazi said that Qasr-e-Shirin, in Bakhtaran province, western Iran, the largest town occupied by Iraq, had been 90 percent destroyed.

On eventual plans for Iran's Iraqi prisoners of war, officially estimated at 42,000, Kharazi said they were "beginning to familiarize themselves with the Islamic Republic of Iran to discover the nature of Saddam's regime." "We will keep them until the regime in Baghdad falls," he added.

Kharazi would not reveal how many Iranian volunteers had been sent to Lebanon through Syria, saying that foreign agencies had put their number at "between one and several thousands." He said Iranian forces in Lebanou were "getting to ...now the terrain and carrying out tactical reconnaissance." Kharazi responded to Wednesday's Israeli

to destroy Syrian troops.

the Gulf war.

President Khamenei told Irna.

way, the radio added

Battlefield shifts to Damascus road tries agreed to a ceasefire 13 days ago in the first week of Israel's invasion of Lebanon

BEIRUT. June 24 (R) — Fighting between Israeli and Syrian forces intensified in the mountains of central Lebanon Thursday as Beirut residents waited to see whether Israel would attack Palestinian commando positions in the western half of the capital.

The Israelis and Syrians battled fiercely for the third day running just south of the strategic Beirut-Damascus Highway. A military spokesman in Damascus said two Syrian fighters were hit when they intercepted Israelis planes bombing Syrian positions in the area. Israel said it shot down the two Syrian MiGs.

It was the first aerial combat with Israel reported by Damascus since the two coun-

Genocide begins

BEIRUT, June 24 (AP) — Waves of divebombing jets teamed with missilefiring naval gunboats in a wholesale bom-bardment of Muslim West Beirut late Thursday night as the Palestine Liberation Organization faced the final option of mass surrender or genocide.

Associated Press correspondent Alex Efty saw low-income residential neighborhoods pulverized by nose-diving jets off crowded Corniche Mazra boulevard while warships blasted plush hotels and highrise apartment buildings on the sea front.

In one bombing sortie the entire Abu Shaker block where the pro-PLO Nasserite Muslim militia known as Murabitoun, has its command headquarters, was devastated, Efty reported.

The command building next to the Corniche Mazraa's Nasser mosque was missed. But at least 50 houses on both sides of Abu Shaker street that branches southward from the mosque were ruined, Efty said. Rescuers waited until the air strikes

ended at nightfall to beginsearching victims buried beneath the rubble in Abu Shaker street and several battered blocs in the Fakhani residential neighborhoods close to PLO Chief Yasser Arafat's commandheadquarters, police said.

A police spokesman who refused to be named in keeping with government regulations, said at least many were killed and scores injured in daylong naval shelling of the seafront next to evacuated American and British embassies.

France, Spain to better ties

MADRID. June 24 (AFP) - France and Spain will begin talks next month to coordinate action to curb Basque guerrilla activity across the Pyrenees and to settle some issues over which France opposes Spain's application to join the EEC.

The meetings are being organized as a result of a two-day visit by French President Francois Mitterrand to Spain during which Franco-Spanish differences were thrashed out at the highest level.

Mitterrand had talks with King Juan Carlos and leaders of Spain's four political parties, including center democrat Prime Minister Leopoldo Calvo Sotelo. The reactions of Spanish politicians were generally "positive", after the talks, reports said.

President Mitterrand rejected Spanish accusations that France acted as a haven for Basque ETA separatists and that France was blocking Spain's entry into the European Economic Community.

On the EEC, he said the issue was not a Franco-Spanish one but a problem of the community which had not worked out "adequate regulations" for its agricultural policy.

Valley which lies between the mountains where the fighting is going on and the Syrian Shooting also continued around Beirut. State radio said Israeli gunboats shelled the coast road forming a semicircle around west Beirut Wafa said Israeli artillery again shelled the hard-hit southern suburbs.

aimed at crushing Palestinian commandos.

The Syrian spokesman accused Israel of continuing to violate the ceasefire by sending its

planes and artillery into action early Thurs-

trying to advance northward toward the

resort of Bhaodoun on the Beirut-Damascus

Road, but the advance was being halted by

Syrian troops whose fire was inflicting heavy

losses. State-run Beirut radio and the Pales-

tinian news agency WAFA said the Israelis

had bombed and shelled a string of positions

spokesman Mahmoud Labadi told a press

conference the Israelis wanted to capture the

road, which they have already severed south-

east of Beirut, and push north in an attempt

to annex Lebanon. Syria, which has had

30,000 peacekeeping troops in Lebanon

under an Arab League mandate since 1976,

has shown itself resolved to defend the Bekaa

Palestine Liberation Organization (PLO)

along the Beirut-Damascus highway.

He said Israeli tank and artillery units were

The Lebanese cabinet met Thursday and appeared to be pinning its hopes on Arab intervention in the crisis. Prime Minister Shafiq Wazzan told reporters that President Elias Sarkis had telephoned King Fahd, while Foreign Minister Fuad Butros had called with

his Saudi opposite number Prince Saud Al-The government had also asked Arab League Secretary-General Chadli Klibi to (Continued on back page)

Invaders say 'no pullout'

TEL AVIV. June 24 (Agencies) — The Israeli cabinet Thursday decided not to pull back its forces from Lebanon until the Palestinian commandos leave Beirut, political sources who asked not to be identified said. They said the government opposed sending the army into west Beirut but added: "Without Israeli pressure they (the commandos) will never leave." Public opinion in Israel clearly opposed any operation against the commandos which would result in high Israeli and civilian casualties. Defense Minister Ariel Sharon, who has refused to rule out an assault on the PLO positions in Beirut, appeared to be under increasing pressure not to extend the war. Some Knesset members complained that Sharon was acting without full consultation and voiced fears that foreign criticism of the war's conduct could isolate Israel.

In Beirut meanwhile, the Rightist militia commander Basher Gemayel has been nominated by his party to run for president of Lebanon on a platform of disarming the PLO, his top political adviser said Thursday. "The present phase needs a strong president, who can eliminate the PLO's military presence," Karim Pakradouni, the leading theoretician of Gemayel's Phalangist Party said in an interview with the Associated

In Washington, Sen. Mark O. Hatfield said that Israel's military action in Lebanon is "no longer the defensive operation of a friend and ally," Hatfield. Oregon Republican, called Wednesday for United Nations sanctions against the Israeli government. Hatfield, chairman of the Senate Appropriations Committee, also proposed a reassessment of future U.S. military assistance to Israel. "We can make no bargain with armed aggressors - friend or foe," he said in a Senate speech.

Hatfield urged President Ronald Reagan to freeze the military aid already approved as well as asking the U.N. for sanctions against In Kuwait, a PLO leader said the Soviet

Union has replaced "with advanced weapons' Syria's losses in the Lebanon fighting with Israel.

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subishi did not specify the amount of money paid to the consulting company and when the

> Hitachi director Yasukichi Hatanao said his firm bought information on technology developed by International Business Machines (IBM), without knowing it was stolen property. He told reporters that company

statement that Iranians were behind recent Israeli-Syrian confrontations in the Bekaa Valley by saying that Israel "uses any pretext

The Iranian President Ali Khamenei said in the meantime that Iran does not intend to despatch a substantial number of troops to fight Israeli invaders in Lebanon because of

A state of "neither war nor peace" would prevent Iran from entering the Lebanese war at full strength," he said. "We shall never send the main part of our forces to Lebanon until we end and sort out this war here,"

Tehran also announced that Iraq shelled the Iranian cities of Abadan and Khorramshahr Tuesday, killing two civilians and wounding 18. Iranian long-range artillery retained by parating Iraqi positions on the western bank of the Shatt Al-Arab Water-

U.K.-U.S. talks termed exceptionally useful The American přesident also asked Mrs.

WASHINGTON, June 24 (Agencies) — British Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher met President Ronald Reagan Wednesday and later left the White House without any change in her rock-firm rejection of Argentina's claim of sovereignty over the Falk-

Mrs. Thatcher and Secretary of State Alexander Haig told separate press conferences that Reagan had avoided pressing her to yield on sovereignty or to reverse her refusal to re-open negotiations with Argentina on the future of the Falklands.

The prime minister said there was no discussion of any particular steps she should take now that British forces had forced the surrender of Argentine troops who seized the barren South Atlantic islands on April 2. "There is no question of sovereignty to discuss," she said.

Haig said after the one-hour White House meeting that Reagan did not ask her to do anything, "We would not expect anyone to tell us how to deal with our property and we are not going to presume to tell her," he said. Mrs. Thatcher said that efforts to discern differences between the United States and

Britain "will never succeed because we can't be divided." After their fourth meeting in as many countries this month, but their first since British troops recaptured the Falkland islands on they've done to help Britain in its struggle to regain the Falklands."

Reagan turned away a specific question about U.S. policy toward the Falklands but called the hour-long discussion at the White House "exceptionally useful."

It encompassed not only the crisis in the South Atlantic but consultation "about what we could do to promote a lasting and just

peace" in the Middle East and "to bring an end to the human suffering" in Lebanon, Reagan said.

LONDON, June 24 (R) - Britain's Prime

Critics pounced on a letter she signed two

months before Argentina attacked the islands, setting off a 10-week conflict that cost more than 1,000 lives. The letter was sent to a member of the

weapons but by ambitious aggressors tempted by "the prospect of easy advantage and quick victory." (Continued on back page)

Thatcher to "carry back to London our fon-

dest good wishes, those of the American peo-

ple, Nancy and myself' to Prince Charles and

Princess Diana upon the birth of their son,

second in line to the British throne.

Earlier, addressing the U.N. assembly, Mrs. Thatcher said wars are caused not by

Error may cost Falklands is sufficient deterrent against any

Minister Margaret Thatcher returned from a lightning U.S. visit Thursday to face a storm of criticism after admitting an error of judgement in failing to deter Argentina from on seizing the Falkland Islands.

prime minister's Conservative Party who had questioned the wisdom of withdrawing the icebreaker Endurance, the only Britsh ship on duty near the Falklands, from South

Thatcher dear

possible aggression." In a U.S. television interview Wednesday, she said the British marine garrison on the islands on April 2, the day Argentine forces landed, was 70 men.

Mrs. Thatcher added: "Of course it was not enough to stand an invasion, but then I don't think any of us had quite expected that we would get a sudden invasion without an enormous increase in tension beforehand. But we did not get that increase in tension except a few days before. "

The letter was made public while Mrs. Thatcher was in the United States. Officials

at the prime minister's London office con-Atlantic waters. Thatcher replied: "Our firmed that the letter was authentic and said judgement is that the presence of the royal she had signed it as a carefully considered Marines garrison which — unlike HMs

LOS ANGELES - Ruth and Hal Axe are deeply, domonstrably in love: they hold hands, ride their tandem bicycle from their Los Angeles home to the beach and sing each other's praises like a blissfully happy, newlywed couple. But they have been mar-

Lately, marriages that have lasted as long as the Axes' have gotten considerable attention from researchers seeking to learn more about how relationships change over the years and why, in this era of high divorce rates, these couples have stayed married. Their research so far has yielded some sur-

prising findings.

- Rather than children making a marriage happier, the opposite may be true, at least while the children are growing up.

— Communication and expression of

but, paradoxically, so do the problems. - The longer some couples are married, the less well they seem to know each other. The researchers, however, question whether they have been able to study a representational cross-section of marriages

the two ends of the spectrum — those happily married and those in lives of quiet desperation," Dr. George Rowe of the University of Nebraska-Lincoln said. "I have a feeling there are lots of couples between those two extremes, but they are more difficult to interview. Older men in particular are very reluctant to talk about their marriages." Those that have been interviewed, tend

to fit into two patterns: -- "Golden sunset" couples like the

Axes, who, according to psychology professor Marcia Lasswell, "say it's gotten better every year not that they haven't had problems and ups and downs, but they never considered wanting to be with anyone else. They spend lots of time together. "Survivors" whose marriages are more endurance test than happy union. Lasswell says, "a lot of people married 50 to

60 years tell you, 'well, we made it. Through all the bad times, we stuck together." How many couples there are in those two categories is at best an educated guess. Lasswell, who teaches at the University of Southern California and California State Polytechnic University, Pomona, suspects that each of the two groups accounts for about 20 percent of all long-term marriages, with the remaining 60 percent falling

somewhere in between.

Very long marriages in substantial number are a relatively recent phenomenon. In earlier times, people rarely lived long enough to celebrate their 40th or 50th wedding anniversary. "marriage," Rowe and some others maintain, "is just as stable today as it was in 1860. In that particular year, the first in which we had census data. three percent of the marriages were dissolved - 99.9 percent of them by death." Rowe explained. "In 1980, about 3.5 percent of the marriages were dissolved two-thirds of them by divorce."

Whereas in the past death often ended a marriage before the last child left home. increased longevity has led to a new stage of marriage in which a couple may have 20 or 30 years together after their nest has emptied. While the researchers have found that most couples' marital happiness begins to decline after their children are in school. this downward trend in happiness tends to reverse when the children leave home, and the couples enjoy the most satisfying years of their marriage.

Many never wait to see an upward swing in the relationship, however. The divorce rate hits one of its peaks around the 20th year of marriage, and researchers believe

that may be because couples who have been staying together for the children's sake reach a low point then and call it quits. "If couples can just realize that after the children are launched, there is a great deal to look forward to," Rowe said. "Rather than (the) marriage getting worse, there is a recovery period."

"A marriage picks up considerably when the kids get older," Lasswell said. "In that respect, the empty nest syndrome is quite overrated. Most of these mothers aren't sitting around depressed — they're breathing a sigh of relief. The big problem is that if homemaker has been their chief occupation, they're wondering what they're going

"Children put an added strain on marriage." Rowe said, "Parents get lots of satisfaction from children, but very often the marriage itself suffers....Many couples who are conscientious parents are so preoc-cupied with their children that they tend to neglect their own marriages.

"The clear implication here is for couples to maintain activity together even if it means getting away from their children for a while." he said.

Rowe and two colleagues studied 71 couples married from 25 to 62 years. The

researchers were surprised to find that those with fewer children had the most happiness in their marriages. "We can't explain that, except the study indicated a dip in marital happiness is almost always concurrent with the time the children are a heavy responsibility for parents," he said, theorizing that the more children a couple has the longer this period lasts.

Professor Michael J. Sporakowski of Virginia Polytechnic Institute and State University, who studied 40 couples married 50 years or more, does not find it surprising that more children cause more problems in a marriage. "It happens in any kind of small group," he said. "If you introduce more members, you're going to get different kinds of attitudes, adjustments and correc-

Dr. Clifford H. Swensen of Purdue University, a leading researcher in the field, offers a somewhat different view of how children affect a marriage. As children are growing up, he said, parents get so busy that communication between them declines. By the time the children are gone, the parents may have become intimate strangers. Feelings, goals and ambitions of each may have changed and the spouses must deal with this and become reacquainted.

June 14, Mrs. Thatcher said: "We're very response and not as a matter of routine. grateful to the president for everything Endurance — is permanently stationed in the blissful marriages long-lasting Research probes

By Joan Sweeney ried for 53 years.

love often decline with length of marriage

that have survived the test of time. The unfortunate thing about studies of long-term marriages is they tend to hit only

Sultan affirms rejection of alien presence, bases

JEDDAH, June 24 - Prince Sultan. second deputy premier and defense and aviation minister, reaffirmed Wednesday that Saudi Arabia shall not accept, under any circumstances, at present or in future. the presence of foreign bases or any foreign presence on its territory.

In an interview with the Economic and Oil magazine and carried by Okaz newspaper, the prince said he was confident that the Arab world was able to surmount its difficulties and restore genuine solidar-

"We buy weapons but do not import principles. We are willing to buy weapons from any quarters, provided they suited

our country's fighting capacity and the standard of the Saudi Arabian army. We only buy the weapons that we can assimilate, operate and benefit from. And we are already satisfied with what we have and optimistic about the future," he said.

About the possibility of setting up a joint military industry among the Gulf Cooperation Council countries, the prince said Saudi Arabia is actually manufacturing weapons at plants it established two years ago. But as far as GCC and Arab coordination was concerned, "we are still endeavoring to establish an advanced and joint industry which, God willing. will soon materialize."

Riyadh bureau chief says

UNICEF rushed \$5m aid

Riyadh Bureau

RIYADH, June 24 - The UNICEF has allocated a sum of \$5 million from its emergency fund for operation in Lebanon. This is in addition to a grant of \$1 million from the Kingdom made in response to an appeal from Prince Talal ibn Abdul Aziz, special envoy of UNICEF, Sabah Allawi, UNICEF representative in Saudi Arabia, told Arab News Wednesday.

He said operations have already started in spite of the difficult conditions prevailing in the region. "We have now an office in Damascus to provide food supplies from there. Our staff is also based in Ankara and Cyprus to

coordinate emergency operations." Allawi said the Lebanon war had rendered about one million children homeless. This includes about 394,000 children in south Lebanon, 56,000 in west Bekaa, 219,000 in West Beirut and 241,000 in West Beirut suburbs. "A breakdown of UNICEF's \$5 million plan for meeting their most immediate needs includes about \$1 million for Beirut relief, \$1

million for relief in the south and \$3 million

for restoring the devastated areas." According to the UNICEF representative, the Lebanese government has requested immediate supply of 65,000 metric tons of foodstuff (including wheat flour, edible oil, sugar and canned meat). The total cost of this, including freight, is estimated at \$30 million. Apart from blankets, food and medical supplies which have been rushed, mobile

hospitals are also required, he said. The fighting in Lebanon, he remarked, has uprooted hundreds of 'thousands of crizens.

Many are said to be in urgent need of blood, first aid treatment, essential drugs, food, shelter, water and sanitation facilities. To coordinate U.N. relief efforts in Lebanon, UNICEF which maintains a warehouse in Copenhagen (Denmark) stocked with standard emergency supplies, has so far provided essential supplies for Palestine refugees on a re-

12:07

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12:36

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7:36

imbursable basis, Allawi pointed out. Prayer Tabuk 4:09 3:40 3:23

11:55

12:24

3:44

7:15

3:43

7:07



Friday

Fajr (Dawn)

Dhuhr (Noon)

Asst (Afternoon)

Alaghreb (Sunset)

11:42

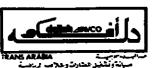
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TO VISIT: This beautiful | Spanish sailship will visit Jeddah for three days beginning June 1. Named after Juan Sebastian de Ekano, the captain who survived the first voyage around

the world between 1519 and 1522m, the ship will be open to the general public. Spanish sail ship to visit Jeddah

By Suresh Shah Arab News Staff

JEDDAH, June 24 — The general public will have a chance of climbing on board of one of the most elegant sailships of today when the Spanish training ship Juan Sebas -tian de Elcano anchors at Jeddah Islamic Port on an official visit between July 1 and 3.

Named after Elcano, the captain who finished the first round the world journey after Ferdinand Magellan's death in the Philippines between 1519 and 1522, the ship has already made five trips round the world. Launched at the Echevarrieta and Larrinaga Shipyard in Cadiz in 1927, Elcano is the first Spanish training ship to visit the Kingdom.

Now in its sixth time, under the command of Captain Cristobal Colon de Carvajal Maroto, the ship is on an eight-month training tour. Since the start, Dec. 10, 1981, from Cardiz, Elcano will have visited Las Palmas. ila, Bangkok, Singapore and Bombay before coming to Jeddah. It is scheduled to return to

Tickets to go on board the Elcano will be issued at the Spanish embassy. Visiting will be open after 2:30 p.m. during the ships'

three-day stay. Eleano will be welcomed at Jeddah Port by Spanish embassy officials and Saudi naval authorities, says Jose M.de: la Torre, consul at the embassy. Later on the day of the ship's arrival, the commander will pay a courtesy call on Makkah Governor Prince Majed. The crew will come to town on the second day touring Jeddah and calling on the port's authorities, coastal guards and a naval base. The Spanish ambassador also will give a reception in their honor.

During its current voyage, the four-mast carrier Eleano has about 300 persons on board including the commander, 20 officers, 97 students and the remaining are junior

Santo Domingo, Acapulco, Honolulu, Manofficers and seamen. Hospital undergoes SR17m facelift

TAIF, June 24 (SPA) - King Faisal Hospital here is undergoing a complete facelift that will cost SR17 million, Ahmad Mustafa Erqsous. Taif's health affairs director, said Thursday. The hospital's outpatient clinic and reception will be expanded and an additional outpatient clinic will be set up for the Chest Hospital.

The official said that a new 200-bed maternity and children hospital will be opened within the coming three months. The buildings have already been rented.

Moreover a study is being prepared to set up a 360-bed chest hospital with a special ward for chest and heart surgery.

Taif's Health Department recently inaugurated three new clinics in Shihar, Salam and Shuhada districts. King Faisal Hospital, the Psychiatric Hospital and the Chest Hospital have a total 3,000 beds and are served by more than 300 specialists and general practitioners as well as 1,000 nurses and techni-

French schools offer basic Arabic

By a Staff Writer

JEDDAH, June 24 - The three French schools, in Rivadh, Jeddah and Alkhobar, are teaching Arabic as a basic subject to the children of French speaking expatriates, Dr. Didier Ganichot, French scientific and cultural counsellor in the Kingdom, said.

He told Arab News Thursday that basic

Arabic courses are dispensed to all and advanced lessons are given on optional bases. Moreover, the history, geography, customs and traditions of Saudi Arabia are taught to the children. The schools were previously tolerated by the Saudi government, but now

Chatti leaves for Bonn

JEDDAH, June 24 (SPA) - Habib Chatti, secretary general of the Organization of the Islamic Conference, flew to Bonn Thursday on an official visit to West Germany at the invitation of Vice Chancellor Hans Dietrich Genscher. His talks in Germany will deal with the latest developments of the situation in the Middle East after the Zionist invasion of Lebanon.

have been accepted and gained a legal status. They have become member of the International School of Saudi Arabia - the juridical framework given by the Education Ministry to licensed foreign schools in the Kingdom.

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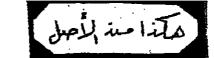
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By Israelis

French medical team turned back from Sidon won't help

medical team which went to Israeli-occupied Sidon said here Wednesday they were refused permission to set up an emergency hospital by an Israeli colonel

Members of the team said Lebanese spectators told them while they were in Sidon at least 1,000 persons were kown to have died during the first days of the Israeli attack, with a great many bodies still under the ruins." "The stench of decomposing bodies is still everywhere," said Dr. Alain Veyret, the team's 35-year-old surgeon, from Rouen, Normandy.

Veyret said the nine-member team arrived in Lebanon last week and immediately went to Sidon. "We went to the Lebanese hospital in the town and offered our services. But we were told we would have to get permission from the Israeli authorities first," he said. "An Israeli colonel told us very quickly they did not need surgeons" Veyret added. He quoted the unnamed colonel as saying: "If you work in the hospital, we will send you out of the country, like we did with the people

Russia blames Egypt for Israeli invasion

MOSCOW, June 24 (AP) - The official Soviet news agency Tass Thursday accused Egypt of bearing responsibility for Israel's invasion of Lebanon and voiced implicit criticism of other Arab countries for their lack

of unity. "Responsibility for the tragic events in Lebanon rests in a large manner with Egypt that has opted for the disgraceful path of Camp David," Tass commentator Grigory Vasilyev said, referring to the U.S. sponsored Israeli-Egyptian Peace Treaty.

Tass said that the late Egyptian President Anwar Sadat "by entering the Camp David collusion, not only betrayed the interests of other Arabs, he betrayed the interests of his own people and caused a wide split in the

Basturk 'forced' to give testimony

ISTANBUL, June 24 (AP) - Abdullah Basturk, the leader of a suspended leftist trade union confederation, told a military court here Wednesday his original written testimony was procured under duress.

"I was blindfolded and made to sign what appeared to be a confession," Basturk told the judge, Cettin Guvener. The defendant said he was "subjected to psychological torture for five days when he was first detained. Basturk and 51 other leaders of the suspended Confederation of Revolutionary Trade Unions (DISK) risk the death penalty if convicted on charges of provoking workers Turkey.

At least 20 military police stood guard among rows of defendants in the dimly-lit auditorium. Two huge Turkish flags flanked the three-judge panel sitting in front of . an inscription fixed on a wooden panel that read, "Justice is the mainstay of property."

Basturk said he rejected the contents of his two previous written statements submitted to police investigators immediately after his arrest Sept. 12, 1980, the day when Turkey's top military leaders seized power. Wednesday's session was the first hearing after the military-led National Security Council transferred the case's chief prosecutor Col.

The French surgeon said the colonel apparently was referring to a Norwegian doctor and Norwegian social worker who were detained in Sidon for a week by the Israelis and then sent home. Valery said his team set up a first-aid dispensary on the beach and operated there for four days after they were refused permission to establish and emergency surgical unit. The French team returned to Beirut over the weekend.

Veyret and members of his team were interviewed in an underground garage which was being converted into an emergency hospital and operation theater, in the Chiyah neighborhood on the southern outskirts of Israeli-surrounded west Beirut.

"There were nearly 200 other doctors in Sidon ready to work but they were not allowed by the Israelis to go out and pick up wounded. As a result, a great many people died because of lack of medical attention. The doctors begged to be allowed to take care of the wounded, but the Israelis refused," Dr. Veyret said.

He added that Lebanese docotrs told his team there were at least "1,000 known dead in Sidon in the first days of the fighting before the town was occupied. A great many of the untended wounded must have died since. It is impossible to know how many are still under the ruins,"

Israeli Prime Minister Menahem Begin, upon his return to Israel from Washington Wednesday, said the number of dead in Sidon was 400. The Lebanese government, however, said at least 1,109 persons were killed in Sidon between June 4 - when Israel started two days of air raids on Lebanon before the invasion - and June 14. The government said an additional 1,167 persons were killed in the Palestinian refugee camps just outside: Sidon in the same period.

Veyret said Lebanese doctors told them that 100 children aged 6-8 all died when their school was hit, while 200 to 300 persons sheltering in a basement were killed by a direct hit. He said many of the casualties were caused by small steel balls from cluster-type anti-personnel type bombs used by the

Suleyman Takkeci to another post.

committee of the country's largest lawyers'

association with involvement in the alleged

extremist activities of a suspended labor

A prosecutor from the Istanbul Martial

Law Command told reporters that inves-

tigators had completed a probe into the past

activities of the Istanbul Bar Association and

that an official indictment was being written.

He did not say when the trial would be held.

Meanwhile at 'the Hague, 'Dutch Prime

Minister Drise Van Agt said Wednesday that the Netherlands is planning a complaint

against Turkey for alleged violation of human

rights. He told the foreign affairs committee of parliament that a date for ! filing the com-

laint with the Human Rights Commission of

the Council of Europe had still to be fixed.

Van Agt, who is also foreign minister, said

preparations were in their final stages and a definite date would be decided as soon as

possible. Earlier this month, legal experts

from Norway, France, the Netherlands, Swe-

den and Denmark met in Oslo and discussed legal questions in order to clear the way for

possible political decision by the five gov-

ernments to bring the issue before the

group, an announcement said in Istanbul.

Fund (UNICEF). In another development, Turkish military prosecutors have charged the executive

"In addition," Kreisky declared, "as one who has championed the cause of peace and justice for decades, I would like to appeal to the big powers, the US and the Soviet Union, to become aware of their responsibility and make joint efforts in order to halt the killings

Kreisky said that at least 600,000 people

Palme says ruining PLO

Olof Palme, a former prime minister of Sweden, told the U.N. members Wednesday that the Palestinian question "cannot be solved by a destruction" of the Palestine Liberation

"Desolation is not peace "even if you call I that," he said and urged that the peoples of the Middle East "seek security together." The PLO's stronghold in war-torn west Beirut, Lebanon, was ringed by Israeli troops as Palme addressed the working committee of the whole of the U.N. General assembly's special session on disarmament. "It is quite obvious," he said, "that in the Middle East, nations cannot achieve security at each other's expense.

"The nations in the region can only destroy each other if they do not accept the fact that the peoples and their nations have to live together. "They must seek securitytogether, they must accept to co-operate even with the prospective opponent. Security in this region must be common security."

Palme spoke as chairman of the high Jevel independent commission on disarmament and security issues which has released its disarmament recommendations in a 202-page report entitled, "Common security: a bluep-

rint for survival." 10,000 killed in Lebanon, Kreisky says

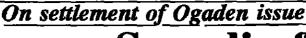
VIENNA, . June 24 (AP) — Austrian Chancellor Bruno Kreisky Thursday said "at least" 10,000 persons had been killed and some 40,000 wounded in recent fighting in Lebanon. He called on the United States and the Soviet Union to halt "the killings in Lebanon.'

In a speech at a luncheon he gave in honor of the former European Community (EEC) President Gaston Thorn, Kreisky based the casualty figures on reports from the United Nations International Children's Emergency

Kreisky made a passionate appeal to the communist member countries, calling on them to do all in their power in order to induce Israel to make an "immediate withdrawal' of its troops from Lebanon.

in Lebanon."

had been forced to flee their homes in Lebanon, apparently since the Israelis drove into that Middle East nation.



Ethiopia terms Somali offer vague

ADDIS ABABA, June 24 (AFP) — Somali President Muhammad Siad Barre must meet Ethiopia's minimum conditions for a settlement of the Ogaden territorial crisis between the two Horn of Africa neighbors, Ethiopian Foreign Minister Feleke Gedle-Giorgis said here Wednes-

"The ball still remains at Siad Barre'e court," Col. Feleke said. "It is up to him to get it rolling." Addressing a press conference following the Somali government's offer Tuesday of a "constructive dialogue", Col. Feleke termed the Somali offer as 'deceptive and vague" and added that Ethiopia had repeatedly insisted that the charter principles and decisions of the Organization of African Unity (OAU), governing relations between states, should be scrupulously followed.

Col. Feleke said "the arrogance of Somali President Barre's regime in Mogadishu, their aggression and insatiable expansionist policies have to date frustrated all Ethiopia's constructive efforts and peace initiatives."

Warning that Ethiopia had no reason to believe the "deceptive" Somali pronouncements as genuine overtures, the

Ethiopian foreign minister reiterated that "nobody should assume that Ethiopia will so easily forget the death and wanton destruction of properties inflicted upon her."

The two Horn of Africa states have a long-running dispute over the Ethiopianheld Ogaden region to which Somalia has historically laid claim. They went to war over the Ogaden in 1977 when the Somali army invaded the region. The Somalis were beaten back the following year when Cuban troops arrived to support Ethiopia.

The Western Somalia Liberation Front which calls for self-determination for the Ogaden has carried out sporadic guerrilla operations since, but there have been hardly any clashes for about a year.

The Somali foreign ministry statement said that "if Col, Mengistu is serious, sincere and in good faith in his statement for the conclusion of peace in the war-torn Horn of Africa, the Somali government is prepared to accept the opening of constructive dialogue between the two countries."

The statement added that if the Ethiopian leader really meant what he had said publicly, "for motives yet to be seen," the Somali government calls upon Col. Mengistu to indicate the date and venue of his

said the Somali government desired "peace, stability and goodneighborliness and tranquility" in the Horn of Africa, "and aiready Somalia on its part has made genuine and meaningful efforts in pursuit of this objec-

But, it said, Ethiopia, instead of responding to "the positive and sincere gesture of goodwill and cooperation" for a peace initiative from the Somali government, has so far "opted to persist arrogantly in its aggressive policy of conflict and confrontation." This had threatened regional and international peace and security, the statement said.

The conflict between the two states had taken on some of the aspects of East-West confrontation. Since the Ogaden war, more than 10,000 Cuban soldiers have been stationed in Ethiopia, which has close relations with the Soviet Union and its satellite states, while the Somali government has U.S. military backing and has agreed to provide U.S. base facilities.

The two countries are among the poorest in the world. Somalia shelters about half a million refugees, most of them from the

For over six months

75-year-old widow imprisoned by Iranians

PARIS, June 24 (AP) — Among the thousands of people imprisoned in Iran since the Islamic revolution of Ayatollah Khomeini is a 75-vear-old woman with a weak heart who was arrested at her home six months ago in the middle of the night.

"Her only crime was that she was the widow of my father Ghazi Muhammad, the founder of the autonomous Kurdish Democratic Party," her son Ali Ghazi has said. "The fate of one old lady may not appear all htat urgently interesting at a time when the regime is being exposed. Ghazi said, "But she must not become a statistic. I appeal to people of goodwill everywhere to help us obtain information on her fate."

Mina Ghazi was arrested in January at he r

Karachi blast damages car

KARACHI, June 24 (AP) - An explosion, which destroyed a car in a parking lot at Karachi Airport Wednesday night, was caused by a time bomb planted at a spot where Prime Minister Dom Mintoff of Malta was to board a car, the Daily News newspaper reported here Thursday.

Mintoff, who was on his way to China, arrived three hours late, but the bomb exploded at his scheduled arrival time, the newspaper.said. Police said they would carry out a thorough investigation into the bombing incident, the paper said.

Tehran home where she had lived since 1957, her son said Ghazi, who now lives in exile in France, he has heard from his mother only twice since her arrest, the last the four months ago. "She is a brave woman," he said, his voice choking. "She was widowed with seven children when my father was executed in 1947. She has been allowed to telephone my sisters in Iran only twice. The first time she said she was fine and asked that we send some clothes. The second time she was in ill health, depressed and seemed in trouble. It was the last time we heard from her.'

Mrs. Ghazi's late husband was hanged by the Shah's government for his work for autonomy. He has since become a symbol of unity for the Kurdish peoples living in Iran,

Iraq, Syria, Turkey and the Soviet Union. "Because of the Khomeini regime's claim of righting the wrongs done during the regin of the Pahlavis, many had expected the memory of Ghazi Muhammad to be honored," his

son said, "Instead, the Khomeini regime soo adopted an attitude marked by the bitternes of its harred for Iran's ethnic, cultural an religious minorities.

"By early 1980, the Khomeini regim

already had distinguished itself bycommittin genocide against the Kurds, the Turcoman and other smaller minorities in Iran," Ghaz continued. "It was obvious that the regim was determined to act as a tyranny unprecen dented in Iran's long history." Ghazi said his mother was seized by a spe

cial commando unit dispatched on direc orders from Khomeini. They launched a ver itable military operation in the dead of nigh and in the heart of Tean to arrest an old lad of infirm health," he said. "she has had tw previous heart attacks and we are worried." Constant enquiries with Iranian authorities

along with contacts at all of Tehran's prison and hospitals have failed to turn up a due o the whereabouts of Mrs. Ghazi, her son said

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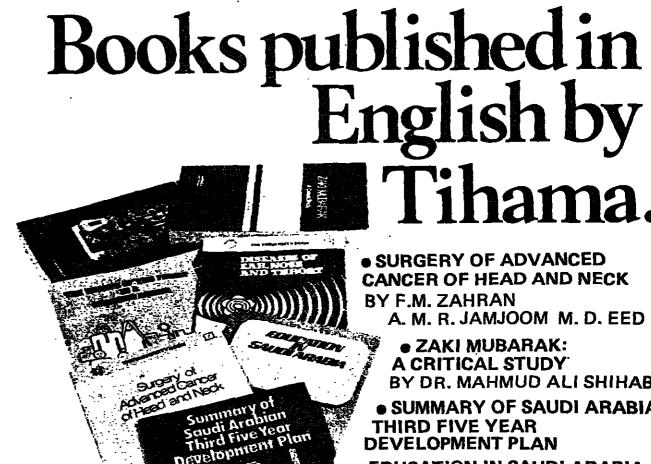
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U.S. advisers in Salvador face probe

SAN SALVADOR. June 24 (AP) — U.S Ambassador Deane R. Hinton has ordered an investigation into allegations that two American military advisers violated regulations by being in a guerrilla combat zone and handling weapons. an embassy spokesman said Wednesday.

The spokesman, who asked anonymity for diplomatic reasons, said "if it is true that they (the two advisers) were in a combat zone, they were in violation of embassy procedures."

He refused to give details, but said the investigation was ordered after correspon-

Serious crime up in Londo

LONDON, June 24 (AP) — Serious crime rose 8 percent in London during 1981 to a record 631,328 incidents reported. Scotland Yard said.

Outgoing Police Commissioner Sir David McNee said Wednesday in his annual report that many of the crimes involved guns and violence, including a series of post office robberies by a gang who poured gasoline over their victims and threatened to set them afire.

The statistics also included crimes committed during last summer in London's Brixton district and other street confrontations. The

dents Ray Bonner of *The New York Times* and Gary Shephard of CBS-TV reported Wednesday seeing the two advisers near the Golden Bridge, an area of constant fighting in eastern El Salvador between leftist guerrillas and government soldiers.

Bonner and Shephard quoted Salvadoran soldiers in the area as saying the two advisers had fired weapons in recent days, but those reports could not be confirmed.

The two are part of a contingent of 55 U.S. non-combat military advisers the Reagan administration has sent to El Salvador together with military aid in 1980 to help the

up in London's strength of the metropolitan police, London's

strength of the metropolitan police, London's main force, rose to a record 25,161, said McNee, who retires this fall after five years as Britain's top policeman.

But he said the arrest rate for serious

But he said the arrest rate for serious crimes dropped by 7 percent to 97,277, and the number of crimes solved slumped by nine percent to 106,421.

"The need to concentrate substantial numbers of officers to deal with public disorder during the year had the effect of removing them from routine prevention and investigation at a time when the challenge has never been greater," McNee said.

government fight a guerrilla insurrection, which has cost 34,000 lives during the past 32 months.

Guidelines for U.S. advisers, a copy of which was obtained by the Associated Press last February, forbid advisers from carrying weapons larger than pistols and restrict M-16s to quarters for self-protection and to automobiles while traveling outside San Sal-

The guidelines prohibit the stationing of advisers in areas of heavy rebel concentration or any place where combat is likely. The guidelines state that if a firefight develops between rival Salvadoran forces, advisers are to avoid taking part.

Last February, Hinton ordered an American adviser here. Lt. Col. Henry Melander, sent back to the United States after an American television crew filmed him carrying an M-16 rifle in a zone of frequent com-

The rules were instituted because "tremendous public concern for the men's safety was expressed by an American public worried about a potential Vietnam," an embassy source, who asked anonymity, said in an

He said American advisers have been repeatedly warned not to carry M-16s or other weapons and not to enter combat

BRIEFS

NEW DELHI (AFP) — Indian Prime Minister Indira Gandhi will pay an official visit to the Soviet Union in September, the Press Trust of India reported here Wednesday. The agency said though the exact dates were still being finalized the visit would take place some time in the third week of September. She last visited the Soviet Union in

MEXICO CITY, (AP) — A delegation from Sri Lanka headed by Interior Minister Montague Jayawickrema arrived in Cuba.

the official Cuban news agency said.

NEW DELHI, (AFP) — The first batch of eight British aircraft Sea Harrier jump jets India is acquiring for its navy will arrive in September or October next year, the commander of India's only aircraft carrier Ins Vikrant, Capt. Arvind Ghosh, said Wednesday. About 25 Harriers are to replace obsolete Sea Hawks with the navy. Of these, the Ins Vikrant would have about 10, the Press Trust of India quoted Capt. Ghosh as

NEW YORK (R) — An 18-year-old white youth was charged with murder as police searched for up to 20 other members of a white gang who attacked three black men, bearing one to death, in a white neighborhood Tuesday. The three had stopped at a Brooklyn shop to buy food when they were suddenly surrounded by up to 20 white

U.S. busts aliens smugglin WASHINGTON, June 24 (R) — U.S. It said Peneda-Vergera was arrest

WASHINGTON. June 24 (R) — U.S. agents have charged 38 persons with smuggling illegal aliens into the United States from Latin America, breaking up the largest such smuggling ring ever uncovered, the immigration service announced.

The agency said the ring, known as the Villasana Organization. smuggled about 24,000 illegal aliens a year into the United States and netted more than \$24 million annually from the operation.

The aliens were nationals of Mexico Colombia, Peru, Ecuador and unidentified Central American countries, the agency said in a statement. The Immigration and Naturalization Service said the smuggling ring operated for more than four and a half years and was run by Salvador Peneda-Vergera, a Mexican citizen who lives in Juarez, Mexico.

Indian airports'

BOMBAY, India, June 24 (AP) — Air-India said that 17 persons died and 94 survived in Tuesday's crash of its oldest Boeing 707 in a blinding rainstorm at Bombay's international airport.

India's director general of civil aviation, G.R. Kathpalia, arrived in Bombay Wednesday to start an inquiry into the crash of the plane purchased in 1960.

The Hindu newspaper, published in Mad-

It said Peneda-Vergera was arrested by undercover immigration agents in El Paso, Texas, on Monday evening and is being held on a \$1 million bond.

The immigration service said that besides Peneda-Vergera, eight other leaders of the organization, all U.S. citizens, were arrested by immigration agents in Chicago, El Paso, and in Albuquerque and Silver City. New Mexico. Apart from the principals, the statement gave no details of the other 30 persons charged.

The service said the ring smuggled aliens from El Paso into 11 other sates. It said its investigation began in July, 1981 and added that Mexican authorities were making more arrests in Mexico in connection with the smuggling organization.

safety questioned

ras, questioned the safety systems at Indian airports.

"Flight crews have repeatedly complained about the faults in the navigational aids at Indian airports," the daily said in an editorial. It added that recommendations made after a 1973 crash have not been implemented and "the absence of adequate instrument landing systems and even runway lights make aircraft landings, especially at night, as hazardous as seven or eight years ago."

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VALLADOLID, June 24 (AFP) France had to survive an incident-packed final five minutes in their match against Czechoslovakia here Thursday afternoon to keep alive their hopes of qualifying for the second-round of the World Cup.

They eventually managed to hold on to a 1-1 draw and that should be enough to enable them to continue in the competition. Toprevent them doing so, Kuwait will need to beat England by a margin of at least five goals in

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Assad keeps Algeria's hopes alive

OVIEDO, June 24 (AP) — Salah Assad scored two goals Thursday, leading Algeria to a 3-2 victory over Chile that kept its hopes alive of becoming the first African team ever to qualify for the second phase of the World Cup finals.

Algeria, a world cup debutant, will advance if West Germany loses its final game against Austria on Friday. Chile is Eliminated after three straight losses.

Tedi Bensaoula scored the third goal for Algeria, which led 3-0 at the half. Miguei Neira and substitute Juan Letelier netted the Chilean goals.

Striker Assad gave Algeria a 1-0 lead in the eighth minute. Rabah Madjer raced from the left wing and delivered a cross to Bensaoula just inside the right corner of the penalty box. Bensaoula flicked the ball to Assad, who drove home from close.

Assad scored again in the 32nd minute when he took a pass from Abdelmadjid Bourebou and whacked it into the net. Three minutes later. Bensaoula's low shot from inside the box gave Algeria 3-0 lead.

The Algerians appeared calm and collected throughout the first half, winning the ball with quick, sliding tackles and cunning attacks with well-coordinated passing. But Chile bounced back in the second half.

heavily pressuring Algeria for the first time. Neira scored the first Chilean goal in the 61st minute by netting a penalty shot awarded when Algerian defender Nourredine Kourichi fouled Patricio Yanez.

Letelier narrowed the gap to 3-2 when he evaded a tackle and chipped the ball into the net past three defenders in the 74th minute.

Algeria: Mehdi Cerbah, Nourredine Kourichi, Chaabwne Marzekane, Mahmoud Guendouz, Salah Larbes, Faouzi Mansouri (Mustapha Dahleb 74th), Ali Fekgani, Salah Assad, Tedj Bensaoula, Abdelmadjid Bourebbou (Hocine Yahi 34th), Rabah Mad-

Chile: Majio Osben, Mario Galindo, Eduardo Valenzuela, Elias Figueroa, Vladimir Bigorra, Eduardo Bonvallet (Mario Soto 38th), Rodolfo Dubo, Miguel Nciera. Patricio Yanez, Carlos Caszely (Juan Letelier 59th), Gustavo Moscoso.

VALLADOLID, (R) — International Football Federation (FIFA) President Joao

Havelange said Thursday that the second

round matches involving Brazil, Argentina

and Italy might be switched to a bigger

DOUALA, Cameroon.(R) -- For 90 minutes

Wednesday life in this normally bustling port

stood still, as almost the entire population

gathered around transistor radios to follow

Cameroon's match with Italy. Traffic dried

up and office work slowed to a crawl as noisy

crowds huddled around radios on street cor-

VALENCIA, (AFP) - Northern Ireland

manager Billy Bingham is hesitating between

playing 17 year-old Norman Whiteside and

Bobby Campbell for Friday's decisive Group

Five clash here with Spain.

MADRID (AP) — The president of the Kuwaiti Football Association has apologized

to the International Federation of Football

Associations (FIFA), for an incident during

Kuwait's match against France. FIFA

ners and in parked cars.

the final Group Four match in Bilbao Friday. The French looked safely booked for Mad-rid when Didier Six put the finishing touches to a pass by Bernard Lacombe in the 66th

But a penalty, awarded to Czechoslovakia five minutes from time, put French hopes back into the melting pot and France had to hang on grimly through what proved to be a dramatic and suspense-laden finale to an otherwise ragged match.

The Czech penalty came when Bosis committed an uncharacteristic foul on Vizek in the area. Paneka, the 33-year-old Czech midfield star who had come on for Janecka a quarter-of-an-bour earlier, stepped up and confidently rammed the ball home leaving Ettori no chance.

His confidence was hardly surprising. It was the 53rd penalty of his long and distinguished career and Paneka, who now plays for Austrian club Rapid Vienna, has not missed

The goal put France on the rack and inspired the Czechs to launch some desperate attacks on Ettori's goal. But two minutes from time Italian referee, Paolo Casarin, gave Vizek his marching orders after a bad foul on French forward Gerard Soler who had been the target of several bruising tackles late in the game. It was the first sending-off of the competri-

But even with ten men, the Czechs con-tinued to drive relentlessly forward and they kept the French supporters in unbearable misery until the very end when in the dying seconds defender Amoros had to head off his

The hard-fought but uninspired match was watched by a crowd estimated at 25,000. The goalless first half, and the opening segment of the second period were almost totally devoid of goalmouth incidents with both teams scared of making mistakes.

Vizek was the Czech forward to show initiative, but the French were dull in midfield, where captain Michel Platini rarely showed. Even France's goal lacked any class. The Czech defense failed to clear the ball

and Bernard Lacombe ran into the penalty area before tucking the ball underneath advancing goalkeeper Karel Stromsik. Six touched the ball over the line from twometers out.

The French became more adventurous after scoring, but never really clicked, although Soler did hit a post

France: Ettori, Amoros, Janvion, Tresor, Bossis, Genghini, Giresse, Platini, Soler,

Czechoslovakia: Stromsik, Barmos, Jurkemik, Vojacek, Fiala, Bicovsky, Stambacheg, Nehoda, Janecka, Vizek, Kriz.



ALL JOY: The Italian players hug Francesco Graziani after he gave his side the lead against Cameroon. Though Cameroon restored parity, the Italians made the grade with a

VIGO, June 24 (R) - Italy qualified for the second round of the World Cup finals Wednesday with a hard-fought and typically dour 1-1 draw against Cameroon.

Both goals came in the second half and were the only relief in the sort of grim defensive struggle which has been the hallmark of Group One, apart from Poland's 5-1 rout of Peru Tuesday.

Francesco Graziani put Italy ahead after an hour when his header from a Paolo Rossi pass curved over goalkeeper Thomas N'Kono's outstretched hand into the top of the net. But a minute later, with the Italian defence napping, Cameroon fought back when Ibrahim Aoudou and Gregoire M'Bida seized on a long ball into the Italian area for M'Bida to flick neatly past the advancing Dino Zoff to

Italy drew all their three games, like Cameroon, but went into the next round with Poland because they scored a total of two goals to Cameroon's one.

Although they failed to qualify, Cameroon can regard their performance in their first World Cup finals as a major success and a boost for African football. Against the "untamed lions," as the Cameroon side are known. Italy had the bulk of the scoring World Cup tid-bits

because of a serious knee injury and will take

no further part in the World Cup, manager

Ron Greenwood announced Thursday. Cor-

rigan, 33, nipped a cartilage in his right knee

in training A couple of days ago" and will

need an operation, Greenwood told repor-

Santibanez says the interest shown by Euro-

pean clubs in some of his players is one

redeeming feature of Chile's first round per-

ZARAGOZA, (AP) — Yugoslavia has

proposed holding a seminar for African soc-

cer coaches next year to improve the pros-

OVIEDO, (AP) - Chilean coach Luis

chances but showed their usual inability to convert them into goals.

Italy should have gone ahead as early as the 11th minute when Bruno Conti had only N'Kono to beat, but shot past the post withthe Cameroon team immobilized and appealing for offside. Claudio Gentile was often unmarked on the right wing and was allowed to advance unchallenged deep into the Cameroon half, but Graziani and Rossi failed to convert his crosses.

Even without Giampiero Marini, rested because of a groin injury. Italy's defense had little trouble in the first half containing Cameroon spearhead Roger Milla, Goalkeeper Zoff had no serious work except a 40th minute long-range shot from Emmanuel

Cameroon's French manager Gene Vincent said the African team had lost their chance to qualify not today but in the second half against Poland last Saturday.

Italy - Zoff, Cabrini, Collovati, Gentile. Scirea, Antognoni, Conti, Graziani, Rossi Tardelli, Oriali.

Cameroon — N'Kono, Kaham, Onana, Ndjeya, M'Bom, Aoudou, Abega, Kunde, M'Bida, Milla, Tokoto.



Argentina prevails in rough encounter vadoreans, some of them also appearing to shove Bolivian referee Luis Barrancos, the

official stuck to his decision to award a pen-

ALICANTE, June 24 (R) — Reigning champions Argentina won through to the second round of the World Cup finals and a certain meeting with Brazil by beating El Salvador 2-0 here Wednesday night in the last Group Three match.

In a game marred by fouls and poor refereeing. Argentina achieved the victory they needed to qualify without ever producing their accustomed flowing football. The result assured the holders of second place in the group behind Belgium and ahead of Hungary. They now go through to Section "C" of the second phase where Group Six winners Brazil await them.

The tone of the match was set in the opening minute with Argentina surging forward and El Salvador massing players in defence. Only the crossbar prevented Mario Kempes from putting the champions ahead after four minutes with a left-foot drive. But it was a hotly-disputed penalty which broke the deadlock in the 22nd minute after Gabriel Calderon fell inside the area.

Despite long and loud protests by the Sal-

How they stand Algeria W. Germany Chile

3 2 1 0 3 3 5 Group III 3 2 1 0 3 1 5 3 2 0 1 6 2 4 3 1 1 1 12 6 3 9 0 3 1 13 0 2 2 0 0 5 1 4 3 1 1 1 6 5 3 3 0 2 1 2 4 2 2 0 1 1 2 5 1 Group V 2 1 1 0 3 2 3 2 0 2 0 2 2 2 2 0 2 0 11 1 2 1 Group VI 3 3 0 0 10 2 6 3 1 1 1 6 4 3 3 1 1 1 8 8 3 3 0 0 3 2 12 0 Spain Honduras N. Ireland Yngoalavua Brazil Soviet Union Scotland

Spain had injury worries over three midfield players as they prepared for the closing Group five match with Northern Ireland. Jesus Zamora, with a knee injury, and Miguel Alonso and Enrique Saura both with thigh trouble, were doubtful. BILBAO, (AP) — England's third-choice goalkeeper, Joe Corrigan, is being sent home Manchester, Thursday.

Botham and Miller were at the crease on

day's lunch at 69 for no loss, but by the tea interval the tourists had broken the opening partnership and had also captured the invaluable wicket of the South African-born Allan Lamb.

The situation was then 122 for two, with Chris Tavare on 45 and David Gower just off the mark with one. So only 54 runs had been added for the loss of two wickets. It was the left-arm spinner Dilip Doshi who broke the opening stand, deceiving Geoff Cook on 66, with a ball which went straight on.

Lord's, won by England by seven wickets.

Madanial firmly round the corner but Shastri, fielding at short-leg, held a good catch, to dismiss the Leicestershire left-hander for 9. It was Madanlal's second wicket.

The third wicket fell at 141. Tavare who had passed the 50 mark shortly before, was next partnered by Ian Botham.

when some 85 minutes before stumps, he got two wickets in one over. First he bowled Tavare for 57 and then he had Randall caught behind by Kirmani, off an outside edge, for a duck. That gave Doshi three wickets so far and left England on 161 for five Botham, on 15, was joined by Geoff Miller.

Botham began to cut loose, however, and took England to 186 for five. The Somerset all-rounder hit four fours and one three off just six balls. Miller was content to play a supporting role and was on 5. Nine minutes later England put the 200 up

and then immediately after Botham reached his 50, with two successive fours. He had then hit ten fours off 46 balls in 53 minutes.

alty. Two minutes had elapsed since the penalty had been given when Argentine captain Daniel Passarella stepped forward to rifle 82nd minute. home the spot-kick. The champions, frustrated by the crunching tackles of Salvador's defence, had to wait until eight minutes into the second half to

increase their lead through a solo effort by Daniel Bertoni. The 27-year-old striker took the ball across the edge of the penalty area and unleashed a curling left-footshot which flew just inside Luis Guevara Mora's right Argentine manager Cesar Luis Menotti changed his strikers in the search for more

goals bringing on Ramon Diaz and Santiago Santamaria for Bertoni and Calderon, but the champions' frustration continued to the final Star Diego Maradona, the chief victims of

the hard-tackling Salvadorean defenders,

twice went close with free-kicks but showed

Argentine goalkeeper Ubaldo Fillol was called upon to make only one save but it almost resulted in a surprise goal when he fumbled Migiel Diaz's right-foot shot in the

The referee struggled throughout to keep control of an ill-tempered contest and his yellow card was frequently in evidence. Among those booked was Francisco Osorto, the Salvadorean defender who was one of the ring-leaders of the penalty dispute.

After the match Menoti accused the Salvdoreans of playing anti-football. "You can only play football when there are 22 players out on the field prepared to play," he said.

ARGENTINA: Fillol, Olguin, Galvan, Las Arelain Tarantini, Ardiles, Gallego, Maradona, Bertoni (Ramon Diaz, 66 mins), Kempes, Calderon (Santamaria, 77). EL SALVADOR: Mora, Osorto (Miguel

Diaz, 32), Jovel. Rodriguez, Recinos, Rugamas, Ventura (Alfaro, 77), Huezo, Zapata, Gonzalez, Rivas.

Zico's goals baffle all

SEVILLE, Spain, June 24 (R) — Seville, home of the Flamenco, witnessed a World Cup ballet Wednesday as Brazil danced rings round a mesmerized New Zealand to win their Group Six match 4-0.

Everything the inimitable Brazilians did bad a touch of invention, artistry and elegance about it, and the poor New Zealanders looked out of place. Brazil had already qualified for the second phase but their shooting stars did not pass up this opportunity for target practice.

the first a splendid scissors kick. Falcao and Serginho added to the tally in the 54th and 69th minutes. But the Brazilians could have doubled the scoreline. Quite simply, they were playing a different game to New Zealand and it will take a special troupe to deprive them of their fourth World Cup.

Zico's opener will never be forgotten by horizontal position he smashed a lightning shot past the astounded Frank Van Hattum one of the best-gaols of this or any other

The peerless Zico gave Brazil a 2-0 half-

time lead with goals in 29th and 31st minutes,

the 40,000 fortunate fans in the Benito Villamarin Stadium. Fullback Leandro surged down the right and sent an outswinging cross into the area. Zico, standing eight meters out, launched himself into mid-air and from a World Cup.

Zico's second was merely very good by comparison, his effort from 10 meters after another good run and pass from Leandro. Italian exile Falcao scored the third. The Roma midfielder started another electrifying move on the halfway line, exchanged passes with Socrates and ran in on goal to tuck the ball neatly under the advancing Van Hattum.

Zico was content to pave the way for the fourth with a delightful run into the box and a perfect cut-back which Serginho swept into the net from close range.

The New Zealanders, spellbound by the Brazilians' choreography, defended doggedly and Van Hattum performed admirably and stopped most of the bullets which came

Brazil — Waldir Peres, Leandro, Oscar, (Edinho, 75th minute), Luisinho, Junior, Cerezo, Zico, Secrates, Falcao, Serginho (Paulo Isidoro, 75th), Eder.

New Zealand - Van Hattum, Dode, Herbert, Elrick. Boath, Summer, Mcclure, Cresswell (Brian Turner, 74th). Almond. Rufer (Duncan Cole, 74th), Wooddin.

Sparkling knock by Botham

LONDON, June 24 (AFP) — Left-arm spinner Dilip Doshi grabbed two quick wickets after tea to see England at 239 for five at close on the opening day of the second cricket Test match against England at Old Trafford,

60 and 20 respectively.

Earlier England had gone into the first

Eleven runs later Lamb, on nine fell to a catch by Viswanath off the bowling of Madanial, the Indian hero of the first Test at

India snatched a third wicket. Gower hit

But Doshi changed the picture completely

Baseball standings American League Eastern Division W L 42 25 37 30 35 29 35 30 32 33 31 33 32 37 W L 38 27 40 32 34 33 30 34 26 44 Pct 585 515 507 469 371 .612 .545 .514 .443 .441 .426 28 27 29 35 41 38 54 .594 .591 .567 .507 .423 .387 .239 5% 6% 11% 11% 12% Results: Toronto 5 Seattle 3; Kansas City 1 Oakland 0; Boston 10 Detroit 4; New York 3 Milwaukee 2; Min-nesora 6 Chicago 3. Results: Montreal 5 New York 0; Chicago 6 Pittsburg 4; Cincinnati 5 San Diego 4; Atlanta 7 Los Angeles 2 San Francisco 8 Houston 8; Philadelphia 7 St. Louis 7;

Alexander extends LONDON, June 24 (Agencies) — Tail

American Pam Shriver, who considers herself a veteran at 19, demolished companiot Kim Jones 6-1, 6-1 as fine weather returned to the Wimbledon Tennis Championships on the fourth day Thursday. After three days of interruptions caused by

rain, a full program was at least in prospect as organizers fought to clear a backlog of matches. On the center court, second-seeded Jimmy Connors struggled to beat John Alexander of Australia Connors won the first set 6-3 but lost the second 6-4, before taking the third and the fourth at 6-1, and 7-6 respectively.
Shriver, the seventh seed and a semifinalist

last year, performed a clinical destruction job on Jones with her outstanding serve and vol-ley game. She faces 15-year-old American Lathy Rinaldi in the third round, probably Friday.

There was a fine first round win for 15year-old Hungarian prospect Andrea Temesvari, who beat experienced American Diane Desfor 7-6, 7-6. West German Claudia Kohde, who is even taller than Shriver, completed a 6-1, 6-3 victory over Debbie Jevans

American Hank Pfister, a possible fourth round opponent for top-seeded John McEnroe, finally completed his long-delayed first round match by defeating fellow-American Mei Purcell 6-2. 6-3. 6-4.

Earlier, British No. 2 Richard Lewis went out of the men's singles going down in straight sets to Czechoslovakia's Tomas Smid 6-3. 7-6. 6-0 in a match which was spread over three days.

Their rain-interrupted first round match began on the opening day, and was suspended again Wednesday night with 26year-old Smid two sets up and leading 2-0 in the third set. But the tall fair-haired Lewis from Middlesex never got a look in this morning as Smid raced away with the set to win 6-0 in just 20 minutes.

On Wednesday John McEnroe reached the third round but ran into trouble with the officials for the first time in the tournament.

On the way to a 6-3, 6-3, 7-5 win over Eddie Edwards of South Africa, the defending champion missed a simple volley and angrily slammed the ball into the net. Umpire George Armstrong issued a warning for "Abuse of the ball."





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ONE OF THE WORLD'S GREAT



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AFTERMATH OF WAR

Each of the combatants in the South Atlantic war between Britain and Argentina has gone back to its own domestic troubles, the war being all but over.

In Britain, the aftermath of the war reflected itself immediately in renewed dissent over the issue of defense — the debate over which having been interrupted by the war with Argentina. The experiences has yielded some parliamentarians the lesson that Britain will always need a strong navy, especially when it comes to surface ships. The defense secretary himself is still adamant however that the Falklands' crisis was an exception, and that the main threat to Britain still comes from the direction of the Soviet Union and the Warsaw Pact.

The problem has also been debated from the financial side. With unemployment still on the upswing in Britain. some elements in the opposition Labor Party are saying that Britain ought not have indulged in the luxury of a side war in the South Atlantic if it still wanted to have a viable force on the European and North Atlantic theaters. Thus you can either have a surface navy to fight such wars as the one just concluded with Argentina, or a navy composed mainly of Trident missile carrying nuclear submarines. To have both is to overburden an already overburdened economy.

In Argentina, the junta has collapsed following the departure of Galtieri and the appointment of vet another army man for his office, in the teeth of opposition from the navy and the air force. The two other arms claim that army performed least well of the three services, and ought not to be "rewarded" once more with the top job.

Saudi Arabian press review

"Moreover, the current situa-

Al-Jazirah stressed that the

Arab states should prepare for

the inevitable battle of Beirut

because the latest situation in

Lebanon calls for a military

The paper asserted that the

Palestinians and Lebanese in

Beirut were in a "dire need of

military support."

PLO leaders.(SPA)

support and action to end the siege

of Lebanon," the paper added.

Thursday's newspapers hailed the Kingdom's diplomatic efforts to safeguard Lebanon's sovereignty and independence and called on Arab leaders to shoulder their responsibilities to foil the Israeli attacks on the Lebanese and Palestinian peoples in Lebanon.

AI-Bilad said the Kingdom's intensive diplomatic efforts were aimed at securing Lebanon's stability and ensuring the immediate and unconditional withdrawal of Israeli troops from Lebanese ter-

The paper referred to Foreign Minister Prince Saud Al-Faisal's meeting with the ambassadors of the U.S. and some West European countries Wednesday and said it reflected the Kingdom's concern to ensure peace and stability in Lebanon.

It expressed hope that Saudi Arabia's measures to "check the Israeli aggression and expose Israel's ambitions would succeed and help stabilize the situation in Lebanon.

Al-Jazirah said Lebanon's refusal to attend any Arab summit to discuss the current situation indicated that Lebanon had no longer any hope in the Arabs adopting collective measures.

Controversial Kirkpatrick: U.N. thorn in Haig's side

By Robert Chesshyre

WASHINGTON -Jeane Jordan Kirkpatrick, the outspoken United States ambassador to the United Nations and the only senior woman in the Reagan administration, was addressing a luncheon meeting of supporters of a right-wing think tank, and clearly felt that she was among friends. She made jokes about small. Third World nations, and bewailed the fact that at the U.N. power and responsibility seldom have much to do with each other.

Her style was easy - carry on eating, she told the guests, she was used to being received with less than rapt attention - a dig at the General Assembly, which she clearly regards as a forum of untamed schoolchildren. She brings to her task the refreshing candor not only of one who is neither a professional politician nor public official, but also holds such

breeds in some contempt.
"One of my more reliable aides," she said with the trace of a sneer when quoting some statistics that had been prepared for her. The implication was obvious — few aides are worth a candle, and indeed, since she took up her job at the beginning of the Reagan term, there have been several resignations from her team.

She prefers the support of like-minded "neoconseratives", who come like herself from an academic background. A few days earlier she had been at the center of a muddle at the U.N. Security Council — first vetoing a resolution calling for a Falklands ceasefire and then announcing that on revised orders, if she could, she would change the U.S. vote to an abstention — which demonstrated not only that the United States conducts an incoherent foreign policy, but also that when controversy is in the air. La Kirkpatrick is seldom far from the

The job she holds is a peculiar one in that it bears cabinet rank, placing her alongside Secretary of State Alexander Haig, yet is relatively humble within the State Department hierarchy. Kirkpatrick can argue the issues with Haig as an equal, and then must take orders from a Haig underling. It is little wonder that the job attracts ambitious people who fancy a place at the center of power, and then utterly frustrates them.

Kirkpatrick herself pointed out that having completed nearly 18 months at the U.N. she was coming up to par for the course. Her predecessor but one. Andrew Young, the first black holder of the job and now mayor of Atlanta. had similar problems, never quite knowing whether he was a policy-maker or a functionary, and finally stepping over the line by having an unauthorized meeting with the Palestine Liberation Organization.

Watching Kirkpatrick involves many of the emotions of being present at a high-wire act performed without a safety net. She might, one felt, during her lunchtime talk, resign between the cold meats and the entree. She has already pondered resignation hard and long once, and asserts that the personal cost of being a public figure is almost too high to bear, taking her away from her family and denying her the time for reading and contemplations on which an academic life is based.

Kirkpatrick's outspokenness also of course tries the patience of her political masters, and her remarks at the lunch - held at a New York club brought her into fresh conflict with Haig.

She is a renegade Democrat, who began to move in the right a decade ago when Senator George Mc Govern won the Democratic presidential nomination. She became a leading member of a group that coalesced round the magazine Commentary, published by the American Jewish Committee, which stands firmly against the Soviet Union and for Israel. Part of the common beliefs of this group is that right-wing authoritarian regimes, such as Chile or Argentina, are far preferable to left-wing totalitarian governments such as Cuba.

By equivocating with the former, the United States runs the risk of creating the latter, she argues the two recent examples being Iran and Nicaragua. It is a theory that appeals strongly to Ronald Reagan, and when he had his attention drawn to a Commentary article by Kirkpatrick entitled" Dictators and Double Standards." he invited her to work on his campaign. From there it was but a short step to the U.N.

With her elitist nature and clear-cut, rather simple, foreign policy views, she was not going to find the U.N. the happiest of hunting grounds, where on the whole the bias - shaped by anti-colonialism and loathing of Israel - is more toward the leftist totalitarians.

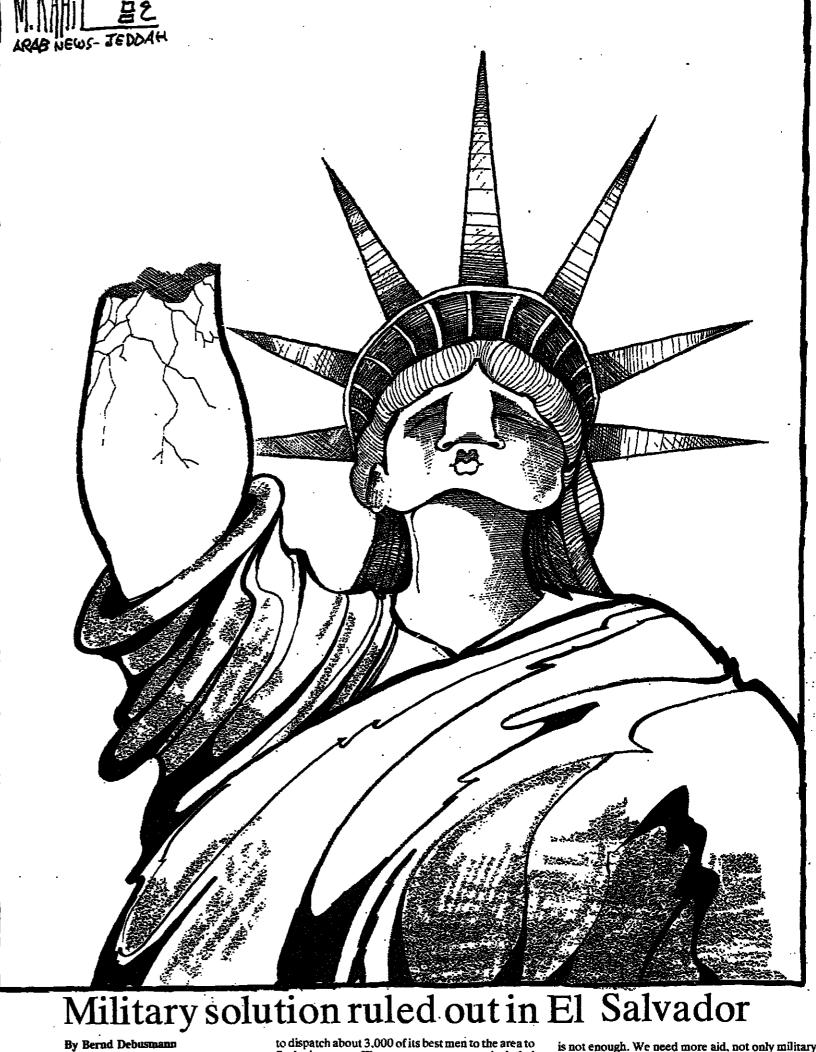
But it is clear, comparing what she had to say at lunch recently with some of her quoted remarks of a few months ago, that she may be tailoring her instinctive dislike of the U.N. to try to make the foremost international organization more responsive to U.S. needs. As a senior official said to me a few hours before Kirkpatrick spoke, however frustrating the system is - and he had spent a near sleepless 48 hours working on the Security Council resolution calling for a Middle East ceasefire while tion needs no more political or the battle raged unabated - the U.N. in the end is diplomatic efforts but military often the only repository for hope.

Kirkpatrick has begun analyzing American failures at the U.N. rather than just railing against It expressed hope that the Arab them. She blamed the United States for failing over leaders would understand "the a 20 -year period to come to terms with the chang-dimension of the dangerous situa- ing membership of the U.N. for not creating tactical tion in Lebanon and the misery of alliances — in the way the United Kingdom does the Palestinian and Lebanese and for not treating it as a political institution, a remarkable failure considering what a political country the United States is.

The U.S. has consistently failed to make friends "we're a bloc of one" — or to reward potential voting allies and penalize opponents according to normal political criteria. But - and this was her most fundamental criticism - "reluctantly. I conclude that the decline of U.S. influence in the U.N. is part and parcel of its decline in influence in the world. It is a direct reflection of the persisting U.S. ineptitude in international relations through several decades and administrations. We have not pro-

Okaz said the Palestine Libera- jected a concept of national purpose." Which is much what the severest critics of the tion Organization (PLO) had emerged victorious from a "politi- administration have been saying for some time. If cal point of view because it has Kirkpatrick accepts the challenge she herself has proved an effective force in the set, and tries to reform U.S. policy-making, she may Israeli-Arab conflict and that no - with the firm ideological support of her president lasting and just peace could be and her own undoubted tenacity of purpose -

realized without its participation." move mountains. It said the PLO's military pres- But, since she is the person who sat down to ence in western Beirut had dinner at the Washington Argentine Embassy the demonstrated its political weight night after the Argentine invasion of the Falklands. and had forced the U.S. envoy not all the United States' friends will necessarily Philip Habib to hold talks with appreciate the direction in which this new coherence might lead. (ONS)



SAN SALVADOR --Armed and advised by the United States, El Salvador's armed forces are fighting left-wing insurgents in a worsening civil war which neither side can hope to win. "There can be no purely military solution to the conflict," said Defense Minister Jose Guillermo Garcia in an interview.

"It has to be solved through political as well as military means. But as long as the subversives enjoy support from outside, from Cuba and Nicaragua. they will continue to fight us."

In the left-wing view of a conflict which has killed more than 30,000 people in the past two and a half years, prospects for negotiations have been dimmed by continued U.S. military aid for the government after elections which strengthened the extreme right here.

A relative lull in the war followed the March 28 elections, but the fighting gathered momentum again early in June and Gen. Garcia was speaking against the background of some of the fiercest battles since El Salvador's deep-rooted economic and social problems erupted into civil war in 1979. "We had some calm after the elections, which

provided a clear demonstration that the Salvadoran people oppose terrorism." Garcia said. "But now the subversives want to show the world that they Despite guerrilla calls for a boycott, the govern-

ment said more than a million people - a majority of the adult population - turned out on March 28 to vote for a constituent assembly charged with writing a new constitution and electoral laws.

Control of the assembly went to a coalition of right-wing parties including many of those politicians most adamantly opposed to peace talks with the rebels, who promptly vowed to fight on.

Early in June, guerrillas overran the northeastern town of Perquin, a move which prompted the army

flush them out. The government troops included the Belloso Battalion, the first Salvadoran unit trained in the United States as it went through a three-month counter-insurgency course at Fort 14-2gg. North Carolina, earlier this year.

If the guerrillas' motive for the seizure of Perquin and the nearby San Fernando area was indeed international publicity, it was successful. On June 17, their radio station announced that Deputy Defense Minister Francisco Adolfo Castillo had been killed when his helicopter was brought down by machine gun fire.

The army confirmed Col. Castillo's death but said he had been killed in a crash. A day later, the guerrilla radio said the colonel was alive and being held prisoner, which would make him the highestranking officer to fall into rebel hands since the beginning of the war. "As long as they are supplied with arms, the

guerrillas can last indefinitely in the forests and hills. If they take a town and army pressure becomes too much, they simply run away." said a Western counter-insurgency specialist. "Once the army leaves, the guerrillas re-emerge. And there you go, play it again, Sam."

Castillo's helicopter came down on the way to Perquin on the day modern ground-attack jets, supplied by the United States went into action for the first time, giving a new dimension to the war. Loaded with bombs and rockets, the subsonic A-37 Dragonfly jets took off from an airstrip at San Miguel, south of Morazan battle zone, and skimmed at tree-top level to the combat zone to bomb and strafe guerrilla postions.

El Salvador took delivery of six Dragonflies and four spotter aircraft in a ceremony attended by U.S. Ambassador Deane Hinton. "The aircraft will help us achieve our goals," said Garcia, "but they are not decisive in our war against the subversives."

He added: "What we get from the United States

Highlights in history on this date: 1501 - Pope Alexander VI confirms Franco-Spanish treaty of Grenada for partition of Naples,

but also economic."

Soviet Union.

According to diplomatic sources here, the Sal-

vadoran army is pressing for more helicopters from

the United States to add to about 20 now used as

troop transporters and gunships. In addition, the

army would like the U.S. to train three more batta-

lions in a continuation of the program under which

the Belloso Battalion is trained at Fort Bragg and

However, the U.S. Senate's Foreign Relations

Committee recently cut about \$100 million from

the military and economic aid package President

Reagan had sought for El Salvador, a country he

considers vital in his battle against communism. In

Reagan's view, shared by Salvadoran leaders, the

leftists here spearhead a conspiracy to impose a

Marxist system on El Salvador on behalf of the

describe the assessment as simplistic and say it

ignores decades of social injustice. They say the

guerrillas are strongest in the provinces which have

the least from a government reform program initiated in 1980. (R)

TODAY IN HISTORY

Ideologically less committed diplomats here

two others in El Salvador by U.S. advisers.

and declares Luis XII as king of Naples.

1658 — Aurangzet, Mogul emperor of Hindustan, imprisons his father, the Shah, after winning

Today is Friday, June 25th, the 176th day of

1982. There are 189 days left in the year.

battle of Samgarh. 1862 — The United States recognizes independence of Liberia.

1918 - U.S. forces drive Germans out of Bel-

leau Wood. France, after two-week battle in World War I. 1924 - Britain says it will not abandon Sudan. despite Egypt's demands for complete with-

1942 - British Air Force stages 1,000-bomber raid on Bremen, Germany, in World War II. 1950 - Korean war begins with North Korea's

invasion of Republic of Korea. 1960 - Mutual cooperation parliament meets

in Indonesia. 1963 - President Moise Tshombe is forced to resign as Katanga premier.

1972 — Burundi government reportedly continues to execute Hutu tribe members, and about 25.000 Hutu refugees are said to be fleeing to other countries.

1980 — U.S. President Jimmy Carter renews proposal for turning pro-Soviet Afghanistan into neutral state, but Moscow says it has no intention of loosening grip on that country.

Thought for today: We owe to the middle ages the two worst inventions of humanity — romantic love and gunpowder — Andre Maurois, French biographer (1885-1967).

Letter to the editor

As wave after wave of Israeli planes struck at civilian targets, the treacherous Zionist army, guided by Haig and the Pentagon, moved in to kill civilians supported by rightist Phalangists in Leba-

Press reports say that over 2,000 have been killed and well over 600,000 made homeless and destitute. According to Zionist claims, which are on the whole bellicose, this is in retaliation for one man shot on a London street.

So, one cannot but ask the question: Is Israel a common thug or bully? or both? For one man shot on the street by some unknown persons, this thug comes in supersonic jets and American supplied weapons to kill and maim unarmed Palestinian women and children.

This action is likened to a common village thug in Asian lands. Such a thug is a law unto himself in his own village. But when he meets his match he is unable to give a hand to hand fight. So, what does he do? He arms himself with a lethal weapon and comes followed by hundreds of his henchmen to wreak vengeance on unarmed passersby and not on the strong man. Similarly, this bully has bombed children's hospitals and the Red Crescent Center.

America and other Western countries that arm Israel are the partners (village thugs) in this great crime. In spite of this, the sons of the Palestinian soil are standing up courageously to bombs and mortars. But, how long can they endure? How long is the Muslim world going to stand and stare? One saying goes that even a worm will turn. Mus-

lim unity and fortitude in the face of the enemy threat are long overdue. If Allah wills, this coward bully can and will be brought to his knees. The sons of the Palestinian soil will never give up

the fight, come what may. They will nail the lie of the American sympathizers of the Zionists, that the enemy army is invincible. Remember Vietnam? They fail to see the writing on the wall in Lebanese

> Sincerely, P.O. Box 1580

Our great month of Ramadan

By Adil Salahi

Last Tuesday the month of Ramadan began. Muslims the world over observe a dawn to dusk fast throughout the month.

Their fast is total: they are allowed nothing to eat, drink or smoke. Sex is also forbidden during the hours of fasting. When the sun sets they break their fast and enjoy whatever is permitted and lawful of food, drink and sex. At dawn they start their fast again.

Islam is a highly disciplined religion and Ramadan is, perhaps, the symbol of its discipline. For people to forgo their most enjoyable pleasures and control their strongest desires, day after day, for a whole month is to achieve a very high standard of discipline. This achievement prepares the Islamic nation for its most important role, which is, to propagate the Divine message and convey it to other people calling on them to adopt it as a faith and a way of life.

Every Muslim who has attained puberty is required to observe the fast. Indeed, fasting in Ramadan is the fourth of the five "pillars" upon which the structure of the Islamic faith is built. Hence, it is not for a trifle that the virtue of fasting is greatly amphasized.

No one, man or woman, is allowed to break the fast except for one of two reasons: illness and traveling. Because fasting saps one's strength a concession is given to the ill and to travelers not to fast. They are, however, required to compensate a day of fasting for each day they did not fast in Ramadan. This can be done at any time during the year, when the ill person has recovered and the traveler has settled. This exemption is given, out of Allah's grace, because He does not wish to over afflict us, (see the translation of the relevant Qur'anic verse under "What the Qur'an Teaches").

Similar exemption is given to women during their menstruation periods. Compensation is likewise required at a later date, prior to the following Ramadan. When compensating for days when the exemption operated one may fast one or two days at a time.

That is to say, he is not required to fast all his compensatory days consecutively.

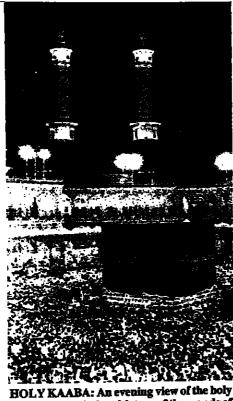
A different type of exemption is given to the very old who cannot possibly fast without enduring too much difficulty. Such people are required to feed a poor person for each day of Ramadan in compensation for not fasting. Thus if they cannot share in the fasting and its reward they do something for the relief of the poverty in the community and are rewarded for what they spend.

Pregnant and breast-feeding women are also allowed not to fast if fasting proves to be too much of an affliction for them.

Schools of thought differ as to what is required of them in compensation. If, however, they do not fast because they fear some repercussions for their babies they are required to fast in compensation at a later date, one day for each day of Ramadan they did not fast and to feed a poor person for each day. If, on the other hand, they fear that fasting would be harmful to them then fasting in compensation should be sufficient.

Apart from these very specific exemptions every Muslim must observe the fast no matter how hard it proves to be. After all, fasting is meant to be hard. Otherwise, how could it achieve its disciplinary objectives?

Because it is hard, and because it is undertaken solely for the sake of Allah and at His own bidding, fasting is amply rewarded. If one fasts in the month of Ramadan, keeping at the same time a restrained attitude toward others, even when they irritate him and maintaining, generally, a good standard of behavior he is sure to be forgiven his past sins. The Prophet (peace be on him) has taught us that as Ramadan is to us a season of worship it is to Allah a season of forgiveness. He describes Ramadan as mercy in the beginning, forgiveness in the middle and release from Hell at its conclusion.



HOLY KAABA: An evening view of the boly Knaba, in Makkah, with tens of thousands of devout worshippers preparing to pray during the boly month of Ramadan.

What the Qur'an Teaches

In the name of Allah, the Merciful, the Beneficent

It was the month of Ramadan in which the Qur'an was bestowed from on high as a guidance to men with proofs of guidance distinguishing right from wrong. Hence, whoever of you lives to see this month shall fast throughout it. But he who is ill or on a journey shall fast instead a similar number of days later on. Allah desires your well-being, not your discomfort; but He also desires that you complete the number of days required, and that you extol Allah for His having guided you aright, and that you render your thanks to Him:

(The Cow: 2; 185)

Our Dialogue

Pardon for sins

Q. How can one obtain forgiveness or ask pardon for sins should one fall into temptation?

Filip Jase Rosario New Jeddah Clinic Hospital P.O. Box 7692 Jeddah

A. Anyone who falls to temptation and commits a sin need to resolve firmly that he or she will never again yield to temptation and that he or she will do their best to keep within the boundaries of what is permissible and pray Allah to forgive them. This firm resolve is called awbah or repentance which also implies one's feeling sorry for committing a sin. When these elements are all combined: regret, resolve not to repeat and prayers for forgiveness then Allah is sure to forgive for He describes Himself as the one who forgives all.

There are, however, certain sins or crimes for which certain punishments are legislated, such as murder, theft, adultery, etc. If the punishment is carried out then the related sin is wiped off. If it is not then it is up to Allah whether to forgive or punish the offender. He certainly forgives anyone who truly repents and consciously resolves not to indulge in sin again. The process is valid every time one yields to temptation. The important factor is that when he makes his new resolve not to go back he makes it with sincerity, honestly believing that he will never again give way to temptation.

This applies to sins and crimes which fall in the domain of one's relationship with Allah. As to those that affect the rights of others their pardon must also be sought.

Photography & Television
Q. Is photography allowed in Islam and is

it permissible to watch television?

Mubarak Abdihood
P.O. Box 5043

Dammam

A. The answer to both parts of the question is: "yes". Of course both photograph and television may be used for the wrong ends. In such cases their use becomes forbidden. The prohibition, then, is based on how we use them, not on the two media themselves. If we watch on television a film which encourages sinful practices then we are committing a sin by watching it, not by having a television set. The set is simply a tool which could be used for lawful and unlawful purposes.

Transplant Surgery

Q. Does Islam permit the donation of external and internal parts of one's body for transplant surgery after one's death?

Asifuddin Khan P.O. Box 8928 Zahid Tractors Jeddah

A. Contemporary scholars have ruled that there is nothing wrong with transplant surgery, as it serves a general interest of the community. Approval of what serves such general interests is a well-established principle of Islamic law.

What is required for using somebody's parts in such a surgery is a permission by the person concerned (prior to his death) or by his guardian (e.g. father, uncle, elder brother) or his male next of kin.

Arab News welcomes questions about Islam, its principles and practices. Answer by our religious editor will be published in this section every Friday.

Please address your letters to: the Religious Editor, P.O. Box 4556, Jeddah,
Saudi Arabia.

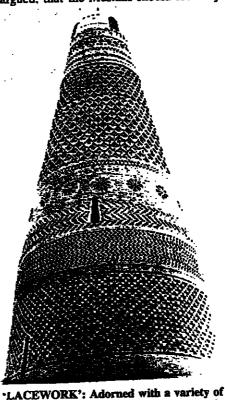
Life of the Prophet – 64 From Jerusalem to Makkah

An important event which took place some sixteen or seventeen months after the Prophet had settled in Madinah was the change of direction Muslims take when they offer their prayers.

Sometimes when the Prophet was still in Makkah he was ordered to turn toward Jerusalem when he prayed. Muslims complied with this Divine instruction and continued to do so after they had emigrated to Madinah where they came in close contact with the Jews. The Jews used the fact that Muslims adopted their own holy city as their qiblah (i.e. place which one faces in prayers) to claim that Judaism was the religion of truth and that Muhammad and his companions should adopt Judaism instead of calling on the Jews to accept Islam.

Now after the lapse of nearly one and a half years of the establishment of the Islamic state in Madinah new Qur'anic revelation instructed the Prophet and the Muslims to turn toward the Ka'abah in Makkah when they prayed. The Prophet himself was very pleased with this change which he keenly desired but dared not request.

The Jews in Madinah countered with a sustained campaign of criticism, as they felt that the change deprives them of their argument for refusing to accept Islam. Their new campaign sought to create in the minds of Muslims doubts as to the basis of their own religion. If it was right, the Jews argued, that the Muslims should formerly



LACEWORK: Adorned with a variety of precise 'lacework' patterns, this majestic minaret of the Amin Hodja mosque stands high in the Chinese province of Sinkiang. face Jerusalem in their prayers then the new direction is wrong. They also told the Muslims: "Your prayers from now on would then be of no value. If, on the other hand, the new direction is right and the Ka'abah is the true qiblah then your prayers in the past were in vain." The Jews also argued that Allah, the Lord who knows all does not change His instructions in that manner. If anything the change showed, the Jews went on, that Muhammad did not really receive any revelation from Allah.

any revelation from Allah.

Reading the verses which relate to this subject and the argument that ensued in Madinah shows that the Jewish campaign was not without results. Reassurance was needed and was, indeed, provided in a long passage in the Qur'an, which runs from verse 106 to verse 150 in the surah entitled The Cow. A word of explanation here may

The Arabs used to revere the Ka'abah prior to the advent of Islam. To them it was the symbol of their national glory. It was also one of the factors which held the Arab tribes together. Islam, however, requires of its followers a total, undivided loyalty. Muslims must dedicate themselves wholly to Allah and the cause of Islam. The Prophet's companions must, therefore, abandon all their former loyalties — tribal, racial or national. Hence the need to separate their worship from the traditional reverence of the Ka'abah. To accomplish this they were ordered to turn toward Jerusalem when they prayed.

After a period of time, when the Muslims had accepted the new situation, moving away, in the process, from the rest of the Arabs they were taught to regard the Ka'abah in a different light. They were told to face it in their prayers because it was built by the two Prophets. Abraham and Ismael as a place wholly devoted to the worship of Allah alone: Thus it becomes part of the heritage of the Islamic nation which came into existence in answer to Abraham's prayers to raise among his seed a Prophet who taught them the true religion.

Thus, having achieved the objective of making the Muslims turn to Jerusalem in their prayers, for a while it was now time to give them their own distinctive qiblah, namely, the Ka'abah, the first house of worship ever built. The process made the Muslims keenly aware that they were the true heirs of Abraham and his religion based on total submission to Allah.

To be distinct from others is very important when we speak of faith and worship. For worship is the visible expression of the beliefs which take roots in the soul. If worship is visibly distinct from that of other religions then it strengthens the perception that the religion itself is unique. The purpose of giving the Muslims their own qiblah must be seen in this light.

(To be continued)



BUMBLES of mumbles

The oak elves of Oak Lea Part III: The Duel

By Alexandra J. Frith **Illustrations by Nicholas Dumine**

"A duel? Why. I love duels." said Doolallydip. So she put on her cloak of magic powers and she. Dearlo and Toggler headed back through the silver spider webs to the Oak Tree where the Wizard was waiting. "Challenge me would you?" she hissed at

the Wizard. "Yes, you are a very naughty Witch, a disgrace to our profession," said the Wizard, "You have caused the Oak Elves much distress hunting for the Welsh cakes. Come sit with me beneath the Oak Tree and let us talk this through."

The Wizard winked at Lillypop as he took the Witch's hand and led her to the shade of the Oak Tree.

"Thank you," said Doolallydip as she settled beneath the tree.

"It is such a beautiful day, don't you think?" asked the Wizard.

"Yes, I agree. But let's get to the point. Are you challenging me to a duel of magic powers in return for the Oak Elves' Welsh cakes?"

"That is the idea, but first let us chat a bit. It is such a warm day. Here, let me take off your cloak. You must feel so hot with it on. Besides, you have such a beautiful silver dress. Was it spun by your silver spiders?" "It was indeed," said Doolallydip, Feel-

ing flattered by the Wizard's words, she fell for his trick, took off her magic cloak and placed it beside her on the ground.

Immediately, Lillypop, who had been hiding behind the tree, took the cloak and ran with it to Dearlo and Toggler before the

Right here!" said the Wizard, "You are such a silly Witch that you did not even think before you took off your cloak. Now

Doolallydip jumped up with shock and horror when she realized what a silly Witch she was. "Please. Wizard. give me back my cloak. You just must give it back and I'll do anything." she wailed.

The Wizard smiled, saying "Of course I'll give it back — when you give back the Welsh cakes to the Oak Elves."

So, later, beneath the old branches of the Oak Tree, where tables had been set out for a celebration tea-party, all the happy Oak Fives sat down to eat. At the head of the



table sat the Wizard, Dooley the Dragon and, of course, our three little Bumbles. However, sitting on the right-hand side of the Wizard was Doolallydip. happily munching away at the Welsh cakes!

Everyone had felt a little sorry for her as she had set off back for the Welsh cakes so Dearlo had suggested that the Oak Elves invite her to tea as an act of forgiveness. So. there she was eating the cakes.

One of the Oak Elves slipped from her seat and went over to Doolallydip, saying "If you like. I will show you how to make Welsh cakes without burning them, then you can make and eat as many as you like and as often as you wish.

Doolallydip was very touched by the little Oak Elf. So much so that she could hardly whisper "Thank you. I should like that very

So the day ended happily. Next morning. when the Oak Elves woke up, they had the surprise of their lives as they found silver spider webs spun here and there all over their tree. It looked absolutely beautiful as, caught up in the webs, were tiny dew drops that sparkled like diamonds in the morning

It was Doolallydip the Wtich who had arranged a surprise to thank the Oak Elves for their forgiveness and their kindness. On that day everyone came from miles around to admire the Oak Tree, all beautiful and glistening in its gossamer coat.

Today, a school stands on the site of the old Oak Tree and if you look carefully, you may see, after a cool spring shower, a solitary spider web caught up in the bushes in the grounds. If you do, you can be sure that

Witch knew what had happened.

WHO report warns holidaymakers of dangers awaiting in exotic lands

GENEVA (R) — The World Health Organization (WHO) has warned holidaymakers in stark detail of the dangers awaiting them in exotic lands. They include snakes, sharks, bedbugs and vice.

After reading the WHO's New Holiday Health Guide, in fact, more sensitive souls seeking sunshine and romance might well decide the journey isn't worth it.

The cover of the brightly colored booklet. Be A Healthy Traveler, which is being distributed worldwide, depicts a happy family setting out cheerfully for foreign parts.

On the inside pages, a team of experts describe the perils in store on the Nile, on African safari or in Asia's teeming bazaars. It looks like an obstacle race against disease.

dehy dration and despair. Danger spots, highlighted by photographs. include hot-dog stands in Guatemala, street

cafes in Asia, and big-city vice.
"The fact is," says Dr. Paul Bres, of the Pasteur Institute in Paris, "that most travelers just don't know the health risks to which they are exposed."

Unfortunately, says WHO, many doctors don't know enough either about health hazards in other countries. Of the world's three million doctors, it says, fewer than a quarter have ever seen a case of malaria.

And "appalling examples" occur of travelers bitten by rabid dogs but not being given the necessary vaccine treatment. "The result is an organizing death."

The prudent traveler taking the U.N. body's advice would wear long trousers against mosquito bites, smear all exposed skin with insect repellent, protect doors and windows with fine-meshed screens at night and shake out his shoes every morning for fear of scorpions.

He would never eat fruit, shellfish or salads, or drink water that had not been boiled. And his suitcase would be wellstocked with insect powder, oral rehydration salts and some canned foods.

A night on the town could be dangerous in some countries, says WHO, "In many tropical areas it is better to stay in the hotel area than go into town," the booklet says.

"Be careful where you swim." warns WHO. "Sea-water bathing has its hazards sharks, the jellyfish called the Portuguese man-of-war, poisonous fish and sea snakes or infected cuts from sharp coral. And not every country ensures its beaches are free from sewage pollution."

Young people should be warned about going barefoot for fear of parasites like hookworm, says the booklet. It adds comfortingly: "snakes are rarely a danger, since most species slither away when they hear a human But if bitten by a snake, apply a light tour-niquet and seek medical attention urgently, WHO recommends.

It agrees the dry season is the best time to see wild game in African safari parks but adds: "It does expose the visitor to various biting flies and ticks."

Africa and Asia are not the only danger areas, says the quide, in North America, you could contact "Rocky Mountain Spotted Fever' fatal in one out of 20 cases, while blackflies plague fishermen and canoeists in Scandinavia,

Striking a gloomy note of discontent of a 19th-century travelers guide, a WHO writer says "less salubrious and less hygienic accommodations may on occasions be unavoidable." He warns of bedbugs - "thin, flat nocturnal insects capable of running rapidly over exposed skin." adding: "their bites develop into large red weals."

Dr. Alec Smith, a WHO entomologist tells

travelers: "a bed infested with bedbugs requires professional disinfection and should be abandoned as soon as possible."

However the tourist, he thinks, may be able to handle a bed infested merely by fleas, which "can be rendered serviceable by hunting out, hand-catching and destroying as many fleas as possible and applying insecticide powder between the sheets.

America's first lady

Nancy tuned in to high action

By Michael Davie

WASHINGTON (LOS) — Giving the peculiarity of the institution of first lady, it is perhaps surprising that the office, or post, or pedestal, has attracted so little scandal.

Nancy Reagan is the 37th American first lady; yet even the closest scrutiny of her predecessors by modern biographers or of herself by malicious Washington gossips has failed to turn up anything of which the nation need feel truly ashamed.

Mrs. Reagan, it is true, has not escaped all controversy. She is too fond, for some tastes. of designer clothes, some of them gifts from the makers. At a time of national recession, her acquisition of a \$209,000 dinner service for the White House was not thought tactful.

Recently there has been an undignified muddle about jewelry: the well-known New York firm of Harry Winston sent some pieces to the White House in the hopes, the firm said later, that they would form part of a national jewelry collection. Acceptance of the gift was advised against by the White House lawyer. and most of it was returned with thanks. However, the earings accompanied Mrs. Reagan to Windsor Castle this week, though they are to be sent back to New York after

Mrs. Reagan's appearance irritates some of the voters, too, Calvin Trillin, a New Yorker writer who also has a regular column in The Nation, remarked recently that when the first lady disappeared from public view for a day or so, he assumed that she must have gone

into hospital for the removal of her smile. The position of first lady is peculiar because it has neither power nor immutable duties. Some first ladies have been quite reclusive. Mamie Eisenhower, during the eight years that her husband was president. gave one press interview. Some have been opposite: e.g., Mrs. Kennedy.

Of all recent first ladies, Mrs. Reagan is perhaps the most tuned in to high performance, as I learned during a recent morning at the White House

She is 5 ft. 4 in tall, with chestnut hair, and weighs 109 lb. She described herself as a wor-

She has said that she sees her first duty, as first lady, "to be the best wife I can to my husband." The White House operator wakes them every morning at 7.30, and they breakfast together, on cereal and fruit or softboiled eggs and decaffeinated coffee. After breakfast, when the president goes to the Oval Office, Mrs. Reagan exercises for half an hour in a small spare bedroom containing some simple equipment, such as an exercise

She is not a time-waster, according to her staff. By 8.30, as often as not, she will be at work in her office, which looks out over Lafayette Square, a favorite spot for antipresidential demos, and may well stay there eating lunch at her desk — until six 'clock.

Mrs. Reagan normally sees her husband again (though he will often call her during the day) when he leaves his office at 6 or 6.15 and comes back to the private rooms in the White House for his daily work-out, which lasts half together (there is only one television set in



The work undertaken by the first lady is to some extent determined by protocol. She must be on hand at all state dinners, receptions, and luncheons (a word still used at the White House). There are besides certain posts she could scarcely decline to fill; all first ladies since Eleanor Roosevelt have been honorary chairwomen of the Girl Scouts, and

But considerable leeway is still left for personal inclination. Mrs. Reagan, to begin with, supervises all state functions in detail. If the chef, who has been at the White House for 20 years, is thinking of serving a new dish, he will tell Mrs. Reagan, and there will be a tasting a week or so ahead of the event, when Mrs. Reagan will either approve the dish or sug-

She also chooses the entertainment at state dinners. The entertainment — often musical, sometimes dance, sometimes spoken - is intended to please or reflect the interests of the visitor, and, if possible, to link visitor and host, the president. When Australian Prime Minister Fraser was given dinner the entertainment consisted of readings, by a man from Colorado, of the poems of Robert Service. This choice was thought a big hit, since both Fraser and Reagan were observed to be reciting along with the reciter, and later had a long conversation about Service still quoting at each other, over coffee. When the Italian president came on a state visit, the entertainers, Frank Sinatra and Perry Como, were both of Italian descent, and so was the entire

warehouse where the furniture that is not in use is stored," Mrs. Reagan has said. "We found beautiful pieces that were deteriorating and needed to be restored.

Draperies were falling apart," says Ted Graber, the interior decorator Mrs. Reagan brought in from California for the refurbish-

ment.

She and the president declined to accept



so is Mrs. Reagan.

Mrs. Reagan, indeed, let it be known soon after she arrived in the White House 16 months ago that she did not find the place up to snuff. In the 20 years since Jacqueline Kennedy began her restoration program, things had been allowed to slip.
"When we arrived we looked into the



STORK MAN OF THE NILE: Like other men of his tribe, this Dinks tribesman of Sudan spends much of his time standing motionless on one leg like a storke. The spear conveniently

Rise in juvenile delinquency rate worries Japanese officials

By Ikuo Anai

TOKYO (R) - Beneath the surface of social harmony and self-discipline to which much of Japan's astounding economic success since World War II has been attributed. lies growing official concern about increased delinquency among the nation's youth.

Although still very low by the standards of many Western countries, particularly the United States from where young Japanese people draw many of their cultural influences in dress, "fast food" and rock music, acts of juvenile delinquency last year reached a postwar record.

Recently, the chief of Japan's 210,000strong national police force warned: "Juvenile delinquency has become so grave that the problem can no longer be solved by the efforts of police alone."

Addressing a meeting of public safety officers. Osamu Mitsui, director-general of the National Police Agency, recommended that to prevent young people from "sinking into vice (the police) should launch a strong campaign for purification of social surroundings." Last year, 184,900 teen-agers between

the ages of 14 and 19 were arrested or questioned for violating the criminal code. accounting for 44 percent of all recorded

Of particular concern to the police. teachers and parents is the rising incidence of violent acts committed by pupils against teachers and a rise in the number of nonviolent acts of theft and shoplifting involving 13-to-15-year-olds. Last year 943 teachers. most of them from junior high schools, were injured in attacks by their pupils, more than double the number of cases reported in the

previous year. Recently the headmaster of a senior high school in Chiba. east of Tokyo, killed himself by taking poison. He left a note saying he was sorry that his school had been the scene of a series of violent acts by his pupils. "Please let me rest in peace." he wrote.

Numerous private research papers and official reports, attempting to explain the rise in juvenile delinquency, agree that the problem stems from urbanization, accompanied by the breakdown of the old-style extended family which once provided a strong framework for social discipline, and the

intense pressure Japan's examinationdominated education system places on young

A report published by the prime minister's office noted the parallel between Japan's rising affluence and the increase of what it labeled "play-type" crime such as petty theft committed by young people.

An Education Ministry survey found that

school violence is more likely to occur in newly urbanized areas which lack the close neighborhood bonds of rural villages, owing to the rush of new families to the cities.

Another survey, by the National Police Agency, discovered that 85 percent of pupils responsible for school violence ranked in the lowest bracket of academic achievement.

One reason put forward to explain the higher incidence of attacks on teachers and destruction of property at junior high schools, compared with senior schools, is the absence of any form of in-school punishment available to teachers, such as suspension from class or expulsion, because attendance up to the junior high is compulsory. Corporal punishment is banned in all Japanese schools.

Critics of the education system have long

argued that violent teen-agers are an inevitable byproduct of Japan's schooling system, which requires every pupil wishing to attend prestige higher institutions to sit rigorous exams along their way.

The examinations begin at the primary school level, or even lower. Teachers assign voluminous text books, prepared by private publishers who specialized in tutoring pupils for the exam. For many students private courses outside schools are a must. The critics say the system takes no account of the individual, with the result that many pupils look elsewhere for some form of expression to release their frustrations.

Juvenile delinquency in Japan is not confined to the schools, where in some cases police have been called to quell the Bancho or school gangs. A phenomenon of longer standing is the gangs of bosozoku or motorcycle riders who take to the nation's roads and make a nuisance of themselves with wild acts of bravado. Said to number more than 40.000 nationwide, these motorbike riders are the subject of repeated police crack-

The concern of the Japanese authorities

toward youth is evident from the statistics. About 76,000 volunteers staff juvenile protection and guidance centers and 52,000 citizens have been commissioned by the police for similar tasks.

In the face of the rising rate of delinquency, governmental body with the title of the Juvenile Delinquency Comprehensive Countermeasures Committee, has drawn up a plan to involve more young people in volunteer work and sporting activities.

Cleaning up cities and participation in baseball tournaments were among the ideas mentioned as suitable for developing a civic consciousness and a sense on independence among youth.

Jeddah's gold souk

The article on Jeddah's gold souk published in the Arab News edition of May 11, 1982, was illustrated with two photographs taken in the well-known Mujawharat Al Sharq in the city. The omission of the photo acknowledgment by oversight is regretted.

congressional funds to re-do their own quarters, Instead, Mrs. Reagan set up a "special project," an appeal for this purpose, and was overwhelmed by the response, as she put it. From this source of funds, the White House bought the controversial state dinner service.

Mrs. Reagan's office has been thoroughly re-done. The White House furniture in it has been re-covered and restored. On one wall hangs a collection of wildflower prints reproduced by the Smithsonian Institution from 1925 watercolors by the naturalist. Mary Vaux Walcott. The walls are pale green. The vellow chintz curtains are from Brunschwig &

Mrs. Reagan's dressing room, which has orange wall-paper as well as the orange carpet, and adjoins the first family bedroom. contains a portrait of Mrs. Reagan and her daughter Patricia (Patti) cuddled together. Patricia with a pink bow in her hair.

Mrs. Reagan has remarked: "I can't really say I'm a collector, but I do like to discover small objects." One of her collections is of Battersea boxes; nine of them are grouped on a small octagonal table in the first family bed-

In a period of 12 months, Mrs. Reagan attended close to 300 public functions. There were 14 state dinners and four state lunches. two big and formal white-tie diplomatic dinners for all ambassadors and their spouses (at one of which the Russian ambassador gave a toast paying tribute to the hospitality), and one dinner for state governors. Then there were the "activities" connected with the first lady's special projects; 30 to do with drug abuse, 14 to do with the foster grandparent program which encourages elderly people to care for retarded, handicapped and disturbed children, and 33 to do with the encourage-

ment of the arts. The most original of these projects, the foster grandparent program, which has been going since 1965, has interested Mrs. Reagan for 15 years, since her husband was governor of California. This is a federally funded program whereby people over 60, of limited income, spend 20 hours a week looking after children with special needs. They work in hospitals, schools and day-care centers with the blind, the deaf, the mentally retarded and the physically handicapped. They are paid \$2 an hour, which is tax-exempt, and given free transport and free meals on the days they work. Plenty of evidence exists to show that both the senior citizens and the children derive great benefit from the scheme.

The program is one of the very few social welfare schemes that is not being cut to ribbons by the Reagan budget axe, and indeed is getting an increase, a circumstance that Mrs. Reagan would like to be thought sheer coin-

Not all her time is spent on public duties, according to her staff (15 in all, including a chief of staff, Jim Rosebush, a press secretary, Sheila Tate, and a social secretary, Mabel "Muffie" - Bradon. In recent months she has read Callas, by Arianna Stassinopoulos, Sophie 's Choice, by William Styron. Clemen tine, by Mary Soames, An Ambassador 's Wife in Iran, by Cynthia Helms, best-sellers by Spring Moon, by Bette Lord, the Chinese wife of Winston Lord, a former aide to Dr. Kis-

The Khamsin wind in Cairo

By David Lamb

CAIRO, Egypt (LAT) - This is the season of the Khamsin. The days are windy and beavy with dust, and the terrible heat of summer is not far off.

Khamsin is the Arabic word for the figure 50, and according to legend the wind will blow periodically for 50 days, bringing with it dust storms that can cripple this city of 14 million as surely as a blizzard can stop New York City dead in its tracks.

The western sky suddenly turns fiery red. The breeze dies. The waters of the Nile seem to stand still. Then the wind stirs, the horizon darkens and great expanses of Egypt fall temporarily lifeless under the attack of powder-fine desert sand.

Visibility is no more than a few feet, and throngs of Cairo pedestrians, their eyes squinting and their noses full of dust, bounce off one another like wind-up toy men. The international airport and the Suez Canal close, and cars inch along even at midday, their headlights glinting dully.

A government meteorologist, asked what climatic forces cause the Khamsin, replied, "it's God's will." He went on to explain that a low-pressure area builds up over the western desert this time of year, and as it moves eastward over Cairo it attracts hot, dry, dusty winds from the south and humid, heavy winds from the north.

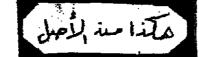
But even on the best of days, when there is no Khamsin, the superfine sand that people here call dust hangs about like an unwanted guest. Dust is the curse of Cairo and the constant companion of everyone who lives here. You taste it in the food, smell it in the air, feel it in your clothes.

People in Cairo take unusual steps to cope with the dust. They have plastic covers made for their radios and television sets. They wrap cameras and other valuables in sandwich bags. They buy special heavy-duty vacuum cleaners, and they hire maids whose sole responsibility is to dust.

None of this, though, does much good. The dust is like a mouse zeroing in on a piece of cheese: it cannot be deterred. In a day's time the spotless camera that was wrapped in plastic, locked in a suitcase and tucked away in a closet is, alas, covered with dust.

You can draw pictures with your finger on the glass table top that the maid dusted flawlessly an hour earlier. The shirt that was fresh from the laundry at 8 a.m. is in need of a wash by noon. An hour after your shoes are shined, they look like GI boots afer a long march.

When the Khamsin has passed, you can stand on your balcony, look out at the highrise apartment buildings and watch a world at work - dusting. On almost every balcony stands someone beating a rug, shaking a shirt or clutching a feather duster.



TEXACO

in the name of all its employees extends its condolences to

HIS MAJESTY
KING FAHD IBN ABD AL-AZIZ
his royal
HIGHNESS CROWN
PRINCE ABD ALLAH IBN ABD AL-AZIZ

and members of the royal family on the death of

HIS MAJESTY
KING KHALID IBN ABD AL-AZIZ.
may God grant

HIS MAJESTY KING FAHD success in the continuation of the wise policies of his predecessors for the development and prosperity of the Kingdom.

Ties with U.S. in peril

2 EEC states veto credit plan

LUXEMBOURG, June 24 (R) — France and Greece have vetoed European Common Market backing for a plan to push up the cost of trade credits to poorer nations, threatening new strains in trans-Atlantic relations.

European Economic Community (EEC) finance ministers deferred until June 30 a decision on a new and tougher package of rules for government-backed export credits after both countries voiced strong objections, diplomats said.

The move adds to the list of disputes sour-ing the community's relations with Washington, they said. There were also fears it could spark a trade subsidy war among the West's major trading blocs, they said. An existing export credits 'consensus' among the 22 industrialized nations in the Organization for economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) expires on Friday.

The United States, which wants much stiffer loan terms, has warned that a major row will erupt if agreement is not reached by then. Japan has also said that it is unwilling to prolong the existing rules, already extended twice at the EEC's request.

The proposals under study Wednesday were a last-ditch compromise tabled by the OECD to bridge the gap between U.S. demands and the more liberal approach adopted in Europe. A French spokesman said his government was unhappy with sev-



eral of the key elements in the OECD plan and wanted the issue to be discussed at an EEC summit meeting in Brussels next Mon-

But EEC External Trade Commissioner Wilhelm Haferkampf warned that the United States and Japan would not wait any longer for implementation of the new rules, and that a credit war could break out. U.S. officials have said that the United States might be forced to establish a special fund to help American firms wrest contracts away from European companies which benefit from

high export subsidies. Washington's position is that the interest rates on export credits are way out of line with commercial borrowing charges, distort-ing trading patterns. But it had reluctantly agreed to accept the OECD plan to push up rates by between 0.35 and 1.15 percent, although this was far less than it had originally been seeking.

The diplomats said the EEC states, apart from France and Greece, were also ready to accept the compromise, but these two governments had effectively exercised a veto. France believes that subsidized credits benefit developing countries and industrialized exporters and wants smaller increases in

meeting July 8 of a four-member market

monitoring committee. This was set up at the

same time as the output ceiling was imposed

in defense of a reference price of \$34 a barrel.

OPEC President Eduardo Ortega of Ecuador

said earlier this month that restrictions on

In London, oil company sources said the

report of an early July OPEC session was no

surprise as the idea was mooted when minis-

ters last met, in Equador late in May. Since

then demand for OPEC oil has crept up a

little, although it remains depressed by the

Actual OPEC output is estimated by indus-

try sources to have been running at 78 million

barrels daily during June after being much lower in April and May.

The ceiling of 17.5 billion applied to aver-

age output for the April-June quarter as a

Analysts doubt that the demand for the

OPEC crudes in the July-September quarter

whole, so it has not been reached yet.

output would have to be revised.

current recession, and the \$34.

looks more secure.

OPEC to review ceiling

KUWAIT, June 24 (R) - OPEC oil mimsters will meet in Vienna on July 9 to discuss whether to raise an output ceiling they imposed in March to defend prices through the worst of the recent oil glut, the official

Kuwait news agency has said. The agency quoted what it called sources close to OPEC (the Organization of Oil Exporting Countries) as saying the ministers would discuss whether to raise 'cautiously' the ceiling of 17.5 million barrels daily or to

The conference would be preceded by a

PAPERS

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General

Containers

Containers

RoRo/Conts

Frozen Chicken

23.6.82

23.6.82

19.6.82

20.5,82

23 6 82

Kanoo

Rezayat

Barber

OCE

kanoo

10-7-1982

11-7-1982

13-7-1982

5-7-1982

ATENCION

CIUDADANOS

MEXICANOS

Con el propósito de actualizar el registro

de ciudadanos mexicanos residentes en el

Reino de Arabia Saudita, se les ruega

comunicarse a la Embajada de México en Jeddah al

teléfono 651 75 50 o por escrito al P.O.Box 3665 indicando su nombre, sexo, edad y

ocupación, así como de sus dependientes

y familiares.

SAUDI ARABIAN GOVERNMENT TENDERS

PORTS AUTHORITY

Description

walks and lighting);

Western Province:

complex of Sager;

1. SHIPS DISCHARGING:

Name of Vessel

Hellenic pioneer

Kopalnia Mosczenica

Amsteldreef

Asama Maru

Fatth Al Khair

Harry D Takis Alexakos

Al Mansouriah

Ionian Carrier

Safina-e-Barkat

Konkar Thetis

Katendrencht

Baltic Freeze

Fortune Star

Asia No. 15

Asia No. 14

Han Nuri

Vaya Halla Pilot

Amazonia

Safina-e-Abid

Aegis Fame

Al Mudena

Konker Nereus Ibn Al Akfani

Cotton Trades

Saronic Reefer

Meadow Bank

Aegis Dynamic

Taining

Tulip

Bao Shan

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Mistral Universal

Canadian Reefer

Captain Andreadis

Fortuna-1

Suerte

Bayville

Annaim

Julia 'L'

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Pinord

Texas

Puma

Alain L.D.

Saudi Star

Ministry of Muni-

cipal and Rural

Berth

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22. 25. 26. 28. 29. 32.

Affaire

Improvement and beautifica-

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Kamel rural complex in the

Fencing cemeteries at Jour

Temporary surfacing No. 1 at

villages in the Western

four villages in the rural

tion of Ar'Ar (asphalting, side-

will rise much above the present levels, unless the Middle East tensions prompt oil com-CONTACT: MR. DEO MORTEL panies to bolster their run-down stocks. So OPEC might be wise to try for a ceiling around that level for two or three months, the

analysts said. After that the short term outlook for OPEC looks brighter - the Parisbased (IEA) forecasts October-December demand for its oil of 22 to 23 million barrels Meanwhile, Iran, an OPEC member, has notified oil companies that it is to put up its oil

price by one dollar a barrel from July 1, oil industry sources said in New York. The increases caught observers by surprise, since Iran had been trying hard to push up its volume of oil sales in order to finance its war

Foreign Exchange Rates

Bahraini Dinar	9.13	9.11	
Bangladeshi Taka		15.70	
Belgian Franc (1,000)		73.00 ļ	
Canadian Dollar		269.00	
Deutche Mark (100)	140.00	139.40	
Dutch Guilder (100)	127.00	126.40	
Egyptian Pound	3.35	3.54	
Emirates Dirham (100)	93.56	93.50	
French Franc (100)	50.75	50.30	
Greek Drachma (1,000)	52.50	49.50	
Indian Rupee (100)		35.95	
Iranian Riyal (100)		1	
Iragi Dinar		- 1	
Italian Lira (10,000)	25.20	24.90	
Japanese Yen (1,000)		13.60	
Jordanian Dinar	9.90	9.655	
Kuwaiti Dinar	11.97	11.92	
Lebanese Lira (100)	68.25	65.45	
Moroccan Dirham (100)	56.00	55.90	
Pakistani Rupee (100)		28.44	
Philippines Peso (100)		41.10	
Pound Sterling	6.00	5.96	
Qatari Riyal (100)	94,40	94.35	
Singapore Dollar (100)		158.80	
Spanish Peseta (1,000)		30.95	
Swiss Franc (100)	164.50	164.00	
Syrian Lira (100)	59.25	59.73	
U.S. Dollar	3.44	3.432	
Yemeni Riyal (100)	75.25	75.00	
Selling Price Buying Price			
	34,500	34,300	
10 Tolas bar	4.080	4,040	
Ounce	1.090	1,060	
The above cash and transfer rates are supplied			

\$769 billion budget passed by Congress

U.S. Congress Wednesday gave final approval to a \$769.8 billion 1983 budget plan that includes the largest United States federal deficits ever to pass the House of Representatives and Senate.

On a 54-45 vote, the Senate endorsed the spending blueprint, which calls for holding next year's deficit to \$103.9 billion - a shortfall congressional economists say is underestimated by billions of dollars. The house passed the measure Tuesday.

President Ronald Reagan's signature is not necessary on the legislation, which merely sets instructions and targets for congressional committees to meet in drafting bills to increase unspecified taxes by \$20.9 billion next year and cut domestic spending by bil-

Paris stays firm on wage controls

PARIS, June 24 (R) — The French Socialist government has reaffirmed its determination to impose wage and price controls despite strong opposition from labor unions, employers and its own junior coalition partner, the Communist Party.

Prime Minister Pierre Mauroy, defending the Socialists' new economic austerity plan in a parliamentary debate, said the measures were vital to checking an economically crippling inflation rate of around 14 percent.

"There is no point in making half an effort. Those people who want to cut the excesses of inflation in France must give the government the means of doing so," he said.

Britain to freeze N. Sea oil prices

LONDON, June 24 (AFP) — The British National Oil Corporation (BNOC) is expected to freeze its North Sea prices for three months, industry sources said here Thursday.

Spot oil rates dropped Wednesday from \$35 to \$33.75-33.85 a barrel. Consequently BNOC was cancelling last week's plans to raise its rates by 50 cents a barrel.

Even so, a slight increase in rates seemed likely in the final quarter of the year, the sources said. BNOC raised its price by \$2.5 early this month to \$33.5 a barrel.

West vows to honor gas deal BONN, June 24 (AP) — Chancellor Helmut Schmidt cautioned against a trade war

Dollar suffers setback

JEDDAH, June 24 - The dollar fell

back Thursday after profit-taking and

European and Japanese central bank inter-

ventions. In New York on Wednesday night

despite a relatively strong Federal Reserve

15 percent, dealers engaged in profit-selling

and the dollar fell back against the British

pound, Japanese yen and German mark.

The French franc, which had traded at

6.9150 on Wednesday in Europe, had a

respite and went up to trade at 6.8250 levels

Thursday. The franc remains under devalu-

ation pressure though and one should recol-

lect that it was at the 6.30 levels only two

In the buillion markets, gold and silver

shot up on the dollar's weakness. Gold

prices traded lethargically at around \$303

levels in London on Wednesday, but the

same night saw more active trading in New

York with prices reaching \$307 levels. On

Thursday, the rally continued and gold

traded at \$309 to \$310 an ounce. Silver's

recovery showed the volatility of this metal,

for silver prices were quoted at around \$5.25 on Thursday compared with 5.05 levels on Wednesday. The ratio between

gold and silver prices remains wide, how-

silver prices will remain stable.

ever, and bullion dealers are skeptical if

In the money markets on Thursday,

Eurodollar deposit rates eased back bet-

ween 1/16 and 1/8 percent in most tenors.

The one-month rate was quoted at 15--1/s-15-1/4 percent, down from 15-9/16 per-

weeks ago.

Fed Fund" prime lending rate of 141/2 to

with the Soviet Union Thursday and reiterated that West Germany and its European partners will go through with a Siberian natural gas deal despite American objec-"Jointly with its European partners, the federal (West German) government learned

with concern and dismay of the American government's latest decision to obstruct the Soviet-European natural gas pipeline deal by banning the export of important components and the utilization of granted licenses for the projected pipeline," Schmidt said in a foreign policy address to parliament.

In a speech to the West German parliament on the recent summits at Versailles and Bonn, Schmidt touched on the situation in the Middle East and the impact of high U.S. interest rates on the world economy.

He endorsed the European Community's

7/16 percent levels of a week ago. The general feeling on the money markets is that U.S. interest rates are still relatively firm and some further increases are likely, especially in the face of the expected so-called bulge" in the July U.S. money supply figures. The agreement on the U.S. budget deficit for 1983 between the administration and the legislature, has also put a dampener on U.S. rates although the size of the budget has not materially changed and is still over \$100 billion for fiscal 1983.

fallen to 15 %-16 percent, down from 16-

On the European exchanges, the British pound traded around 1.7360 levels after falling back to 1.7280 on Wednesday. Bank of England support was detected and the Bundesbank and Bank of Japan were also active in supporting the mark and yen respectively. The German currency traded around 2.4865, while the yen was 300 points stronger at 253.40 levels. The Swiss franc was also up at 2.0930 from 2.1100

On the local markets, spot riyal/dollar rates traded at around 3.4310-20 on opening and later firmed to 3.4320-30 levels in thin trading. Money market rates were also. less actively traded and the one-month; JIBOR was down at 14-% - 14-% percent compared with 15 percent levels on Wed-; nesday. The week-fixed rates were up. however, at 14-1/2 - 15-1/2 percent from: 14-15 percent on Wednesday, and the longer tenors were firm at 14-3/8 - 14-3/8 for the one-year tenor.

statement Tuesday charging that U.S. President Ronald Reagan's embargo extends American law to other territories and contradicts international law. Schmidt said European governments were aware of

Washington's misgivings on the natural gas deal and that it had been discussed during the "But there was no mention about plans to extend the American embargo," Schmidt said. "Like our European partners, we shall stick to the natural gas pipeline deal," he added. "We do this because it serves the necessary diversification of our energy sup-

create any dependencies. We shall and must adhere to contracts." A U.S. Commerce Department official said Wednesday that 20 European firms would lose contracts totaling \$1.2 billion as the result of the U.S. ban on the use of U.S. technology in the pipeline.

ply. We made sure that this deal does not

send Thatcher

LONDON, June 24 (R) — With Britain having recaptured the Falklands from Argentina, Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher now faces some tough decisions about how to meet the cost of victory in the South Atlantic islands.

Mrs. Thatcher's three years in power have been a dogged struggle to limit government spending but now she must count the cost of sendin 100 ships and 25,000 men to the South Atlantic to fight a brief but violent campaign.

She must also assess the expense of reconstruction on the islands and of defending them for the forseeable future against possible Argentine attack.

No figures have been made public for these bills and unofficial estimates vary wildly. One newspaper put the cost of equipment, fuel, special provisions, weapons and the chartering of merchant ships at around 500 million sterling (\$900 milion).

But this does not include the cost of. replacing lost ships and repairing damaged ones, nor does it take into account the price of future defense of the islands.

weekly, the New Statesman, set the cost this year, all those elements included, at some 1.7 billion sterling (\$3 billion).

When the Falklands crisis blew up at the beginning of April, Mrs. Thatcher made it clear that the islands would be recovered from Argentina whatever the financial cost. Throughout the conflict ministers and government officials have said that the cost

could be relatively easily borne. The chief exception was John Biffen, the senior cabinet minister charged with managing parliamentary business, who warned taxpayers they might have to pay more to

help meet the cost of the conflict. In a speech to Conservative Party supporters he explained: "National honor can rarely be redeemed on the cheap. There is a

price in blood and a price in treasure." The treasure would have to come from non-inflationary sources, which might include adjustments in public spending, taxation and borrowing, he said. Government officials have said the bills would be paid from a 2.4 billion sterling (\$4.3 billion)

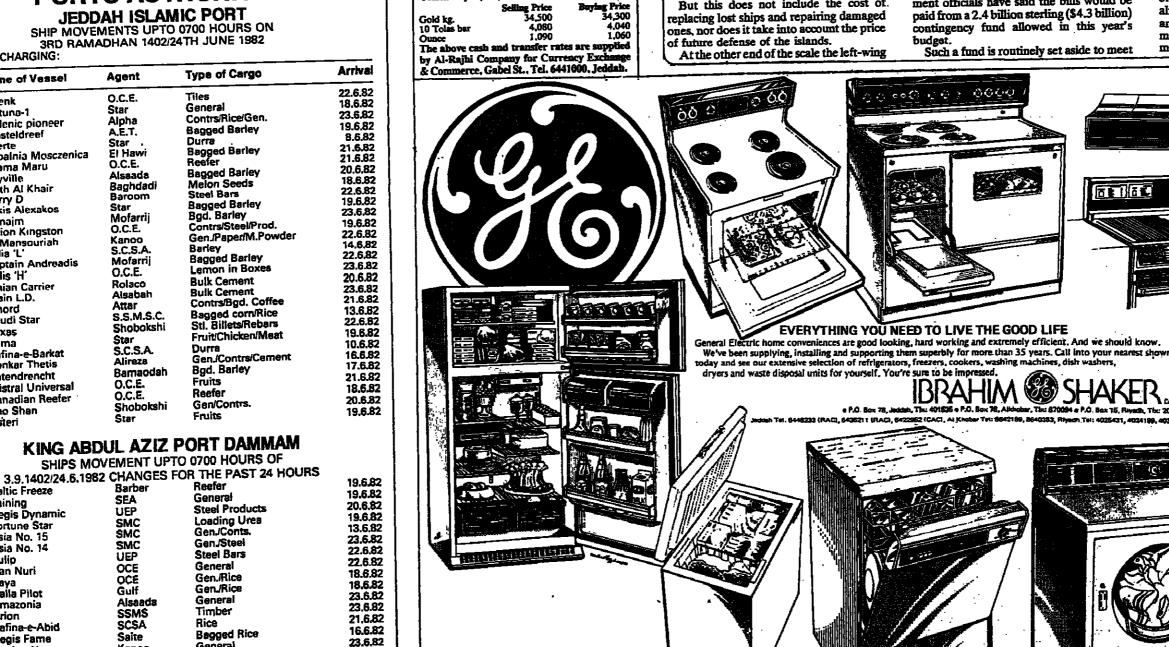
contingency fund allowed in this year's

unexpected spending during the year and in the last financial year a large slice of it was not needed. But economic commentators have been quick to say that in most years the pays for the overshooting of spending targets and is sometimes not enough on its own.

Victor Keegan, economics editor of the Liberal daily newspaper, the Guardian, wrote. "Unless the government is blessed by another unexpected shortfall it looks as though the contingency reserve will be unable to take the strain."

So Mrs. Thatcher faces some tough decisions. Before the crisis she had been gearing her economic planning toward delivering promised tax cuts next year. One option if she needs extra money, which might be unpopular, would be to postpone these cuts.

Another could be to save the money elsewhere by cutting spending in other government departments. But they have already trimmed their budgets to the bone, and further reductions in public services might be just as unpopular as a postponement on tax cuts.



STUMBLE

STUMPY

SMILY

FOR

SPACERS

NIMAL CHATTER

PRESSIONS

IT GIVES ONE A

FEELING OF POWER TO DEVOUR A WHOLE ARMY, EVEN THOUGH

THEY ARE ONLY

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CLEANLINESS REFLECTS YOUR

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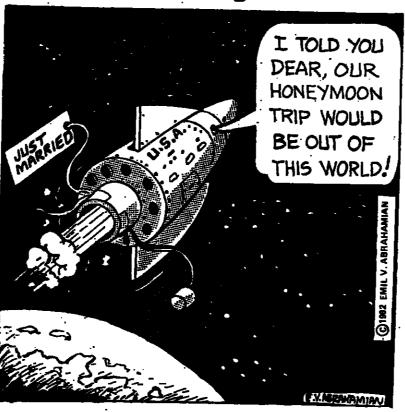
37 Actor

38 Jerry -

Yesterday's Answer

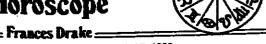






SPACE LOG: THE NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE ADMINISTRATION SAYS FUTURE LONG DISTANCE SPACE TRAVEL BY MAN WILL BE AROUND THE EARTH, INSTEAD OF THROUGH IT'S ATMOSPHERE

Your Individual Horoscope



FOR FRIDAY, JUNE 25, 1982

(Mar. 21 to Apr. 19) Work opportunities come now, but they may interfere with leisure plans. Home activities are favored before travel and outside fun.

TAURUS (Apr. 20 to May 20) Romance is on your agenda, but there'll be a few moments that try your patience. Travel and creative pursuits bring happiness. GEMINI (May 21 to June 20)

Domestic pursuits keep you busily occupied, but a loved one is not fully cooperative. Shopping leads to worthwhile

(June 21 to July 22)
Travel and local visits are fun once you reach your destination, but there may be several interruptions along

(July 23 to Aug. 22)
Others may goad you into overspending, so you'll be betthe way.

ter off shopping by yourself. Social life is accented, but with mixed results. VIRGO

VIRGO
(Aug. 23 to Sept 22)
Too many things to do can bring out the worst in you. Slow down to attain better results. Old friends are good company for you now.

(Sept. 23 to Oct. 22) Privacy fosters accomplishment, but you may have trouble saving enough time for yourself. Do what you can, despite interruptions.

(Oct. 23 to Nov. 21) A party is in the works, and you'll have an active time, socially, but you're warned to steer clear of unwise business deals.

SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 22 to Dec. 21) SACITTARIUS

Keep new career developments to yourself. The more you talk with others, the more complicated the picture gets. Be close mouthed.
CAPRICORN

YET IS THE REVERSE

GRAVITY GEAR.

(Dec. 22 to Jan. 19) Travelers can encounter complications, but friends and loved ones are supportive. When engaging in a sport, you tend to overdo.

AQUARIUS (Jan. 20 to Feb. 18) You may not be certain that someone who attracts you is really interested. Socialize. but avoid those who play games with hearts.

PESCES (Feb. 19 to Mar. 20) If you don't raise controversial issues, you'll have a good time with loved ones. Now's the time to relax and let nothing upset you.



LOOK, MOM! AS PER YOUR CONDITION TO BUY ME A BIKE I'VE STARTED DEVOTING MY TIME ON READING, AND-BOY-THE NEWSPAPER IS PROVING TO BE QUITE A WINDOW TO SEE THINGS CLEARLY!

TV Programs 6:19 Battlestar Galactica Super Scouts Part 11 7:05 Hart to Hart/Hart, Line and Sinker 7:59 To the Manor Born/ Ep. 4 Bee-Bater SAU<u>DI A</u>RABIA 8:30 Opening - Quran - The Friday Cerm - Children's Series - Arabic Series Paraing
5:00 Football
6:30 Our Green Land
7:00 Religious Talk
7:30 Local News
8:00 Politic 8:27 Movie of the Weel French Connection 11 Arabic Series
 Family Program
 Religious Program
 Quran
 Priday Prayer Live
 Local Program
 Men and Sances
 Religious Tall 10:00 News Bahrain Channel 4 8:00 Dallas 8:55 The Ouran Expi 4:00 Quran

— Refigious Talk
4:20 Program Preview 10:00 World News 10:30 Light on Inci 11:00 Kung Fu

DUBAI Chagnel 33

5:00 Holy Quran 5:15 Castoora 5:30 Children's Film 5:35 The Virginian 7:05 World Cap — England v Kuwa 9:05 The contender Pi 10:00 World News 10:30 News Panorama 10:50 Spain v N. Irela

6:00 Quran 6:15 Religious Talk 6:30 Cartoous

6:45 Sports
7:45 Buck Rogers
8:30 Comedy
9:00 News
9:15 Press Round-up

Française

Langue

Shoo Ouverture; Versets Et

8000 Ouverture; Versets 1
Commentaire;
8015 Sonjour;
8b20 Varietes;
8b30 Cub des Juniors;
8b45 Chaussons enfantines;
9b00 Informations;
9b15 Musique;
9b45 Musique, Cloture;

Heure: 18500 Ouverture; Lumieres

18h00 Ouverture; Lumiers
sur lr Coran;
18h10 Musique; Clansique;
18h15 Chanson Arabe
18h30 Musique;
18h45 Gposses Tetes;
19h00 Grosses Tetes;
19h15 Evocations;
19h30 Informations; Revue

0600 - 0700 Daybreak: News,

Regional and Topical Report 0700 - 0800 The Breakfast

fast Show 1800 News Roundup 1830 VOA Magazine Show

1900 Special English News 1910 Special English Science

and Technology Repor

and Technology Report
1915 Special English Feature:
The Living Earth
1930 Country Music USA
2000 News Roundup
2030 Dateline
2100 Special English News
2110 Special English Science
and Technology Report
2115 Special English Feature:
The Living Earth
2130 Country Music USA
2200 News Roundup
2230 VOA Magazine Show

2230 VOA Magazine Show 2300 Special English News 2310 Special Science and Tech

nology Report 2315 Music USA: Country Music 2400 VOA World Report

Morning Frequencies (86:00- 19:00)

Show: News, Informal Presentation
0800-0900 Daybreak/Break-

Presse; 19b45 Cloture.

YUA

QATAR

4:25 Cartoons 4:40 Big Food and the Wide Boys - Religious Talk
- Weekly World New
- Selected Item
- Children's Program Cartoons
 Wild Life
 Religious Talk
9:00 English News
 Arabic Series
10:30 Arabic News
 Daily Arabic Series
 Brief Folkloric Pro
Brief Comech 6:00 Kengious Program 7:00 Daily Arabic Series 8:00 Arabic News 8:35 Local Live Program 9:30 Tottocrrow's Program 9:35 Daily Arabic Series 10:25 Arabic Film 11:30 News

Bahrain Channel 55 6:00 Program Preview 6:05 Cartoons 6:25 Different Strokes Dhahran 1:00 NBA Basket 13/82 3:41 Children's Show Mountain Race 5:19 All Creatures Great **DUBAi Channel 10**

Radio Jeddah

Jeddah MW 1485 Khz FM 98 Mh SW 11.855 Mhz

1:00 Opening 1:01 Holy Qura

2:00 Holy Quran Radio Riyadh Riyadh AM 1224 Khz FM 98 Mbz MW 245.98 Mete Dunnman AM 1098 Khz

14:00 Holy Quran 14:07 Islamic Program
14:12 Top of the Pops
14:42 Arabic Song
15:00 News
15:15 From the press
15:20 Islam & The Future
15:30 Book Cub
15:40 Aspects of Arabic Civ
15:59 Program Sammary
16:00 French Program
20:00 Holy Quram
20:05 Sammary
20:06 Way of Islam
20:16 Okides but Goodies
20:46 Radio Magazine
21:11 Strange Structure
21:30 News
21:45 Daily Chronicle
10:45 Today's Diary
13:45 Today's Diary
13:48 News Headlines
13:45 Today's Diary
13:48 News Headlines
13:45 Holy Outan
midnight Closedown.

1:00 Frogram Review
1:07 Light Music
1:15 Country Music
1:45 Radio Magnzine
1:45 Quranic Verses in in Perspective
1:55 Light Music
1:40 Press Review
1:15 Nostalgia
1:45 Result Guidance
1:45 Rostalgia
1 Notebook
10:20 Pop Variety
10:50 Men They Wer
11:00 Music of the M
11:45 A Rendezvous
With Dreams
12:00 Closedown

BBC

Middle East Service

0225 Ulster Newsletter 0230 Meridian 0300 Radio Newsred 0315 Jazz for the Asking 0345 Sports Roundup 0400 World News & 24 Hours 0430 25 Years of Rock 0515 Letterboy Priday 0300 World News & News about Britain 0315 Radio Newpreel 0315 Radio Newsred 0330 25 Years of Rock 0415 Outlook 0445 Uniter Newsletter 0450 In the Meantime 0500 World News & Rev the British Press 0515 Brass Bands 0530 Series: Novels up to 0600 World News & News Britain 0515 Letterboy 0530 The Concerto 0600 Radio Newsree! 0615 Outlook 0700 World News & Commer 0715 Science in Action 0745 The World Today 0800 World News 0809 Sarah and Company 0840 The Week in Wales 0600 World News & News Britain 0615 The World Today 0630 Business Matters 0700 Newsdesk 0730 Letter from London 0740 Waveguide 0745 Financial News 0755 Reflections 0800 World News & 24 H 0845 Sports Round-up 0900 World News & News abou 0755 Fullications
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0800 Newsdesk
0900 Conductor's Gullery
1000 Warld News & 24 Hours
1000 Warld News & 24 Hours
1100 World News
1109 Reflections Britain 0915 Radio Newsteel

Al-Shifa'e Pharmacy

Pharmacy TAIP

Al-Masyai Pharmacy Al-Borj Pharmacy Al-Oatham

0915 Radio Newsteel
09300 Conductor's Gallery
1000 Outlook
1039 Stock Market Report
1043 Look Ahead
1045 About Britzin
1100 World News & 24 Hours
130 Classic Serial: Jane Eyre
1200 Network U.K.
1215 Musle Now
1245 Letter from London
255 Waveguide
1100 World News & The World
Today 1109 Reflections
1115 The English Idyll
1130 Confey Show: Smash of
the Day1200 World News & Review of
the British Press
1215 The World Today
1230 Financial News
1240 Look Ahead
1245 The Great Musicals
0115 Merchant Navy Program
0130 Business Matters
0200 World News & News about
Britain Foday 0125 The Week in Wales 0130 Financial News 0140 Reflection 0145 Sports Roundap 0200 World News & Commo tary 0215 From the Weeklies 0230 Thirty Minute Theater Britzin 0215 In the Me

Meters 19.7, 25.5 30.7 49.7 30.9 30.9 49.8; 238 15260 15265 11760 9760 6040 9700 6015 1260 19.7 19.7 25.5 30.7 49.7 30.9. 49.8 23.8

miciolia Corenziilia MAKKAR Najmi Pharma Al-Hassan National Clinic Al-Shubelkah, Bi Hareth Building Al-Rawda, Satr Al-Lehyani Building Alyad, Al-Ashraaf Building Al-Nozha, Ahm Al-Awali Street, Near Al-Zahra'e Hospital Al-Suhaimi DAMMAM Al-Razi Pharmacy ALEHOBAR Al-Schha Pharmacy Al-Malek Street Prince Manson Street

Crossword by THOMAS JOSEPH

ACROSS 1 Hide 3 Fabric 5 Billiard shot 4 Tyke 10 Potpourri 5 Spar 11 Attach 6 Snake 12 Skiing, e.g. 7 Bottle top

14 Nigerian city 8 Set up 15 Congregated in a serie: 16 Dessert item 9 Registered 17 Execute 11 "- Jacques" 13 Official 19 Box 29 Caddoan 18 Great fear 19 Overflow

Indian 21 Fountain 22 Bulkier 22 Archbishop's 23 Severe headdress 24 Tabb poem 25 Fathered

26 Celebes beast 27 "It — Depends on You" 28 Afr. town 29 Mistreat

33 Indian weight 34 Couple 35 Grassland 36 On the agenda

39 ascetic 40 State (Fr.) 41 Frail

42 Slippery DOWN 1 He played Jesse James

25 Ship

joy

(Sp.)

27 Entertain

30 Fill with

31 Landmark

DAILY CRYPTOQUOTE - Here's how to work it: AXYDLBAAXR is LONGFELLOW

One letter simply stands for another. In this sample A is used for the three L's, X for the two O's, etc. Single letters, apostrophes, the length and formation of the words are all hints. Each day the code letters are different.

CRYPTOQUOTES

OCTHVSROC QHTUM ΧR QХН OCFVMC

FUHVR BJORV Yesterday's Cryptoquote: THIS WILL NEVER BE A CIVILIZ-ED COUNTRY UNTIL WE EXPEND MORE MONEY FOR BOOKS THAN WE DO FOR CHEWING GUM.—ELBERT HUR-

Bridge & B. Jay and Steve Becker

Bidding Quiz

You are South, both sides vulnerable. The bidding has

North East South West

What would you bid now with each of the following five

1. ♦93 ♥85 ♦AJ753 ♣KQ96 2. ♠ 72 ♥ AKJ4 ♦ Q3 ♠ KJ942 3. ♠ KJ94 ♥ QJ6 ♦ 5 ♣ AJ873 4. ♦ KQ5 ♥ AJ73 ♦ Q84 ♣ KJ8

1. Two clubs. The hand is too good for a raise to two diamonds, and not good enough for a jump raise to three diamonds (forcing). The best way of treating hands in between the single and double raise zones is to bid a side suit. with the intention of later raising partner's suit. Such a sequence is not forcing and permits partner to go on or stop,

thus be apprised of your high-

card values, since you will have bid twice, and at the same time will learn that your clubs are longer than your

5. ◆— ♥ KJ965 ♦ KQ92 ♣ AJ76

depending on his hand.

2. Two clubs. Here you intend to arrive at a game eventually, since you have an opening bid facing an opening bid, but the best final contract is at present uncertain. All you can do under the circumstances is describe your high-card values and distribution as accurately as possible.

The first step in this direction is to bid the longer suit, clubs, intending to follow with a heart bid next. Partner will

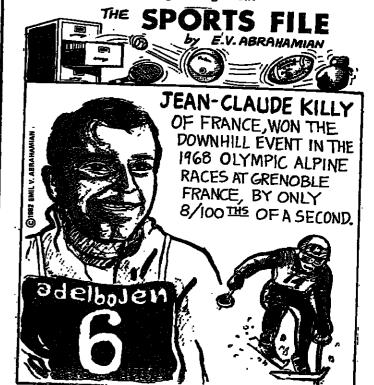
hearts, since you would otherwise have bid hearts first. 3. Double. There is a good chance of collecting a fat penalty if partner has a normal opening bid. While it is true that the double is for

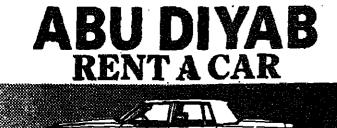
business, partner is not required to stand for it if his values are primarily based on! distribution.

Your hand is likely to take four or five tricks against a spade contract, and partner, if he passes, will normally show up with three or four more defensive tricks. The double is therefore likely to produce the best result, especially since there is no assurance that this is a game-going hand.

4. Three notrump. Game is certain and notrump is clearly. the best denomination. The jump to three notrump shows 16 or 17 points as well as notrump distribution. At the same time, it encourages partner to try for a slam with appropriate values.

5. Two spades. The cuebid announces first-round control of the opponent's suit, and at the same time professes in-terest in reaching a slam. Obviously, you have excellent prospects for a slam if partner has no wasted strength in spades, and the best time to convey this news to him is right now.





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International



الجمعة ٤ رمضان ١٤٠٢هــ

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Thatcher sparks row on Gibraltar

MADIRD. June 24 (R) - A diplomatic row flared here over a statement by British Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher which Spain took to mean that Britain was not prepared to negotiate the sovereignty of Gilbral-

A Foreign Ministry spokesman said Wednesday the Spanish authorities had been shocked and surprised by Mrs. Thatcher's statement that Britain had hoped to start talks with Spain on Gibraltar but not on the sovereignty issue.

Foreign Minister Jose Pedro Perez Llorca telephoned Britain's Madrid ambassador, Richard Parsons, to seek immediate clarification of the statement made on Scandinavian television Tuesday night, the spokesman

He said the remarks sounded absolutely unbelievable, adding that the Foreign Ministry was still awaiting confirmation of what Mrs. Thatcher actually said. Ministerial talks on the future on Gibraltar were due to have started at Sintra, Portugal, on Friday. But they were called off at Spain's request on Monday, as was the planned lifting of Spain's

frontier restrictions with Gibraltar.
In London, Mrs. Thatcher's office issued the text of her comments Tuesday night as follows: "We were hoping that this time they (the restrictions) could be lifted and we could enter into talks, but, of course, not on sovereignty, because the fact is that the whole of our belief, and the whole of the belief in democracy, is that it is the people that mat-

Spain's border with Gibraltar, the rock colony captured by the British in 1704, has been closed for 13 years. The British Embassy in Madrid said in a statement that Mrs. Thatcher's reference was to the consideration that there could be no preconditions in the Gibraltar negotiations with Spain.

The statement recalled that in Monda announcement postponing the Sintra negotiations on Gibraltar, the foreign ministers of both countries said they were determined to keep alive the process started with the 1980 Lisbon accord. "That agreement stated that both governments had agreed to start negotiations aimed at overcoming all the differences between them on Gibraltar," the British statement said.

When the Sintra talks and the border reopening were called off. Spanish, officials said it was because Britain was not ready to discuss another colonial sovereignty dispute after its conflict with Argentina over the Falk-

British officials denied this, but conceded they had not anticipated dramatic results at the first round of talks in Sintra. They said the talks would deal with all differences with Spain over Gibraltar and insisted this included the sovereignty problem.

Soviets clear joint space shot

crew of a joint Soviet-French space shot were cleared for takeoff Thursday night and their Soyuz T-6 craft put through its final tests, Soviet officials said.

Col. Jean-Loup Chretien, 43, of France. and his two Soviet colleagues, Col. Vladimir Dzhanibekov, 40, and Alexander Ivanchenkov. 41, spent a good night at the Baikonur site in Soviet central Asia, the officials told a Moscow news conference. They were all in fine form, they said.

Col. Dzhanibekov, mission commander. had a morning session in a Soyuz simulator in preparation for Friday's docking with the orbiting Salyut -7 station.

They were due to don their space suits at 1100 GMT with blastoff timed for 1630 GMT. They will return to earth July 2 after carrying out and being subjected to a series of scientific experiments on board the Salyut.



SEARCH: An Israeli soldier searches the trunk of a car as victims of Israeli attacks wait their turn on a truck to pass through the checkpoint at Chouayfat in Lebanon on their way to the south. Thousands of people are now making their way back to South Lebanon. fleeing west Beirut.

Despite Falklands victory

Nott fighting on to keep job

LONDON, June 24 (R) — While the bat-tle for the Falkland Islands ended in victory for Britain. Defense Secretary John Nott is fighting on - to keep his job.

"Will John Nott be the last casualty?" asked The Times, of London, reflecting widespread sentiment in British political circles that his days at the Defense Ministry are numbered. Nott is publicly identified with the government's policy of cutting down the conventional navy.

The defense cuts were controversial at the time they were announced last year. Now they are even more controversial in the aftermath of the Falklands conflict with Argentina, a conflict that could not have been won without considerable naval muscle.

The naval rundown is not the only black mark his detractors have against him. They felt he coped badly during the Falklands crisis with the various political and public pressures on the home from. In particular, he came under heavy fire for his ministry's handling of information about the Falklands battle.

Nott, who is renowned for his plain speaking upset officials by saying too much about the war. But he irritated journalists by giving away too little. For the enbattled defense secretary, it was typical of his dilemma since he took over at the Defense Ministry in January

Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher stands firm for the principles of tightly controlled spending and strong national defenses. Note bears the brunt of the apparent contradiction. Political sources say that before the Falklands crisis broke. Nott was taken to task by Mrs. Thatcher for failing to his allotted task of cutting the defense budget.

Now they say he is under a shadow because much of the fleet that won back the Falklands went to sea already earmarked for sale or scrap. Critics accuse him of running down the conventional armed forces, particularly the navy, to pay for the new Trident nuclear mis-

Trident will be Britain's independent nuc-

From page one

Battlefield

come to Beirut urgently. Wazzan said, State radio said the U.S. special envoy to the Middle East. Philip Habib, attended part of the cabinet meeting.

The moves followed an apparent deadlock in efforts by a seven-man "National Salvation Committee", grouping Lebanese government and factional leaders, to reach an agreement with the PLO that would satisfy Israel. Israel Wednesday rejected a PLO plan for an Israeli withdrawal from the outskirts of Beirut in return for a Palestinian withdrawal to specified camps.

Government sources said the stumbling block was Israel's demand that the Palestinians be disarmed. They said the Palestinians had asked the Salvation Committee whether they could obtain U.S. guarantees of their safety if they surrendered their arms, and what they could gain politically from doing

"We believe we have the right and a duty to defend our own people whenever and wherever their liberty is challenged," she said in obvious reference to Britain's reconquest of

the disputed islands. Addressing the U.N. General Assembly's special session on disarmament, she said that if arms control supports peace "with freedom and justice" then "we must pursue it vigor-

ously." Argentina boycotted her speech and the seats of about half a dozen other delegations were empty, including those of Bolivia and Guatemala, Some of the empty seats, such as those of tiny Dominica and Vanuatu, are rately filled.

Across from the United Nations, meanwhile, scores or pro-Argentinian and Irish demonstrators marched in protest against her visit. One held up a sign reading, "Thatcher murderer."

lear deterrent into the next century. The submarine-based system will cost an estimated 7.5 billion sterling (\$13 billion). Cuts in the navy included paying off 10,000 of the 60,000 sailors. Hundreds of those who sailed for the Falklands had already been given

notice to quit. The aircraft carrier Invincible, which played a prominent role in the campaign, had been sold to Australia and one of the amphibious assault ships had been mothballed. Political sources said Nott was under attack from the naval lobby and from some of his cabinet colleagues.

Mrs. Thatcher, publicly at least, still supports him in his policy of reducing the size of the conventional navy. She said in a recent television interview that although lessons were to be learned from the Falklands campaign. Britain's defense policy was, on the whole the right one.

There was fierce debate last year on Britain's defense strategy and former navy minister. Keith Speed, resigned in protest at the navy cuts. Now, after the Falklands, it seems inevitable that the debate will flare

It is hard to convince an island people savouring a naval victory, that the fleet should be reduced. This week, Nott took a calculated political gamble by proceeding to publish unchanged a government policy paper on defense drawn up before the Falklands conflict. But he sought to pre-empt cri-

tics by promising to revise the "white paper" after studying the Falklands battle.

In the paper, he stood by Trident and his policy of cutting health the review of cutting health and the review of policy of cutting back the surface fleet from 50 to 42 frigates and destroyers. But he is likely in the review to make at least one ges-ture to the navy by reversing the decision to sell the 19,500-ton Invincible, the navy's newest carrier, commissioned in 1980.

Australia has offered to let Britain out of the deal and defense sources say Nott would like to take up the offer. Throughout the Falklands crisis, he was much in the public eye and emerged with an image of being. somewhat accident-prone. He appeared on television one evening looking extremely glum and announced there was "bad news" from the British fleet. But he refused to say any more, and the families of servicemen spent a sleepless night wondering which ship had been hit.

Next day it was announced it was the destroyer Coventry. Nott apologized for causing needless distress to many relatives. Mrs. Thatcher already has her eye on winning a second term in the next election, due by mid-1984, and is looking to mould a vote-

winning team. Namibia talks begin

WASHINGTON, June 24 (R) — A South African delegation bagan talks with U.S. offi-cials Thursday on the future of Namibia (Southwest Africa) amid U.S. optimism that there has been some progress toward a set-

The South Africans, led by their ambassador to the United States, Brand Fourie. discussed developments in the Namibia negotiations, a State Department spokesman

Chun drops premier in reshuffle

President Chun Doo-Hwan Thursday carried out another cabinet shake-up, removing the prime minister and three ministers in the wake of a massive loan scandal, the presidential office announced.

Kim Sang-Hyup, 62, president of Korea University, the prestigious private school in Seoul, was named prime minister replacing Yoo Chang-Soon. Kim served as education minister in 1962 under the rule of the late president Park Chung-Hee.

Vice Finance Minister Kang Kyong-Shik, 46, was promoted to finance minister succeeding Rha Woong-Bae, who was held responsible for the loan scandal which involved a couple who were relatives of the

nation's first lady. Bae Myun-In, 59, director of the Judicial Research and Training Institute, replaced Chung Chi-Kun as justice minister and vice construction minister Suh Sang-Chul, 46, became energy and resources minister in place of Lee Sun-Ki.

It was the third shake-up of the 22-minister cabinet in less than a month

President Chun met with leaders of major political parties one week ago and said he would consider replacing more cabinet mem-

In his first shake-up, May 21, Chun replaced half the 22-member cabinet and also changed the top leadership in his ruling Democratic Justice Party.

On June 2, Chun dismissed the head of the agency for National Security Planning (formerly called the Korean Central Intelligence Agency) and changed the foreign minister.

The earlier two actions did not still public criticism of the government over the loan scandal, which rocked the nation's financial and political circles.

About two weeks ago, a group of Catholic priests called on the government of President Chun to step aside by claiming that the nation faced "the most unfortunate situation" since it was founded in 1948. ---



NEW ARGENTINE PRESIDENT: The Army named Tuesday retired Gen. Reynaldo Bognone president of Argentina. Bignone, shown in a recent file photo , succeeds Gen. Leopoldo Galtieri, who resigned last Thursday.

Parties to debate Argentine crisis

BUENOS AIRES, Argentina, June 24 (AP) — Argentina's political leaders agreed to sit down Thursday with presidential designate Reynaldo Bignone, but warned that the country is fed up with military govern-

Announcement of the meeting came as air force officers resigned in droves from government positions, reflecting a split among military leaders and the army's decision to run the country alone.

Civilian political leaders, meeting in a coalition of the nation's five largest parties, meanwhile, issued a document calling for the military government to set a date for a return to civilian rule and appealed for a lifting of a

"The people have reached the limit of patience" the document said, warning of possible street violence if constitutional rule is not restored "The people have again been mere spectators at the designation of the president of the nation...the promises of future consultations with the political forces can't hide these frustrating and recurring develop-

ments," the document said. They also called for a return to an economy where local production is protected by high import tariffs.

The fact that civilian political leaders agreed to a meeting at all appeared to augur well for Bignone, a retired, 54-year-old major general designated Tuesday to become the country's seventh military president since the 1976 coup.

Bignone replaces Gen. Leopoldo Galtieri, who was forced to resign after the defeat to Argentine forces on the Falkland Islands by British forces.

Over 'acid comments' on Di's baby U.K. press raps Anne

LONDON, June 24 (AP) — The London Times led an attack by British newspapers on Princess Anne Thursday, accusing her of making "acid comments" and showing a 'surly lack of interest" in Princess Diana's

Buckingham Palace, meanwhile, said all was "going well" for the three-day-old prince whose name has still to be revealed — but it certainly wasn't for his aunt, despite a place attempt to shield her from

The Times said Anne's "sharp tongue" and "comments" to reporters when asked about the baby as she toured Indian reservations during an eight-day visit to the

American west had surprised Americans.
The tabloid Daily Mirror accused her of jealousy. "Anne's behavior has confirmed for many Americans the stories that she is jealous of the adoration lavished on the Princess of Wales." it wrote.

Anne, 31-year-old mother of a son aged 4 and a one-year-old daughter, was reported to have replied in sarcastic tone when told by an American television journalist of the baby's arrival Monday night: 'Oh good," and then carried on walking. When asked how she liked being an aunt, she was reported to have snapped: "That's my business, Thank you very much." Later in Houston, Texas, she was asked:

Will you teach the new prince how to ride?" Anne, who with husband Mark Phillips is a skilled rider and was a member of the British equestrian team in the 1976

Olympics, was reported to have replied: "I don't even teach my own children how to ride yet, and I don't even know how he will like me when he grows up." Asked "Do you think everyone is making too much fuss over the baby," she was reported to have replied: "yes." But a member of the staff of Buckingham Palace press officer Michael Shea said Princess Anne was being "cautious," not rude.

He said that 10 hours earlier she had been wrongly told by a reporter that Diana had had her baby. Anne had made comments. only to be told later it was a rumor. Criticism of her in British newspapers was bitter,

The Daily Mirror wrote: "Princess Anne is paid 2,050 pounds (\$3,546) a week from public money, tax free. For that we are entitled to expect a lot. And we don't even get a smile."

getting small arms and AK 47s and other

weapons from China, and China was willing

to give aid to any faction willing to oppose

to increase pressure on Hanoi. Our only aim

is to liberate the country. We are willing to

United States and China of being behind the

take aid from anyone."

"After this signing our respective aims are

Meanwhile, Soviet news media accused the

ks arms aid Son Sann seel international community. We are already

KUALA LUMPUR, Malaysia, June 24 (AP) - The two-day-old coalition government of Democratic Kampuchea needs arms from the international community to oust Vietnamese troops from Cambodia, coalition Prime Minister Son Sann said Thursday.

Son Sann formally signed a coalition agreement Tuesday on behalf of his Khmer People's National Liberation Front (KPNLF). Others in the pact are Communist Khmer Rouge leader Khieu Samphan who is president and former head of state Prince Norodom Sinanouk who is president of the

Son Sann told reporters he has about 9,000 fighters inside Cambodia fighting the Vietnamese but another 3,000 cannot fight because they lack arms. "We have the manpower. But we are waiting for weapons," said Son Sann, speaking in English.

Former generals, colonels and marshals living in exile in the United States and France are willing to come back and fight, he said.
"We need help from anyone including the bodian people."

corrise that had been driven out by the Cambodian people."

U.S. panel OKs N-freeze proposal

Affairs Committee approved a resolution calling for a "mutual and verifiable freeze" on U.S. and Soviet nuclear weapons arsenals.

The 25-9 vote capped two days of debate during which freeze supporters claimed that opponents had delayed a vote because they were afraid of losing.

The vote "is a major step forward for the freeze movement," said Rep. Edward Markey, one of the key congressional backers of the freeze drive Wednesday. On Tuesday, a Democratic supporter of the measure accused Republicans of stalling.

Rep. Edward J. Derwinski argued that if the panel adopted a pro-freeze resolution requiring subsequent approval by the full House and the Republican-Controlled Senate — this would be simply "an expres-sion of congressional opinion" and not neces-

Reagan signs bill

WASHINGTON, June 24 (Agencies) -President Ronald Reagan signed into law a bill making it illegal for journalists and others to reveal the names of secret intelligence agents. "We retain the good sense protect the brave men and women who serve us, often in dangerous circumstances," he told Wednesday a cheering crowd of central Intelligence Agency (CIA) employees outside agency headquarters in Langley, Virginia.

The new law imposes stiff penalties. A journalist who intentionally discloses agents' identities in order to harm U.S. intelligence could face three years in prison and a \$15,000 fine. A government official who violates the act would be subject to 10 years in prison and a \$50,000 fine.

Although critics charged the legislation may impede legitimate press investigations of intelligence agency abuses. Congress passed

the measure overwhelmingly. Reagan told the audience the bill was aimed not at legitimate journalists, but at those who have systematically disclosed the names of agents, endangering their lives. A former CIA official told reporters at the ceremony that such disclosures had led to the death of a CIA agent in Greece and to attacks

formation of the anti-Vietnamese Cambodian coalition government. The Communist Party newspaper Pravda predicted that the alliance would fail and charged that it was nothing more than an attempt to paper over the Pol Pot Khmer Rouge regime during

which millions of Cambodians are said to have been massacred; Izvestia, the official journal of the Soviet government, said the coalition was a new effort to "bring back to life the political

WASHINGTON, June 24 (AP) — The U.S. House of Representatives Foreign On June 9, the Senate Foreign Relations Committee removed all mention of the term

> control, opting instead for language endorsing the start talks as a step toward weapons cuts. Before Tuesday's session was broken off abruptly by a parliamentary move, the House committee adopted by voice vote compromise language stating that "the United States shall promptly approve" the 1979 SALT II

"freeze" from a resolution on nuclear arms

strategic arms treaty. However, the panel defeated 18-8 a stronger measure sponsored by Rep. Jim Leach that would have required President Ronald Reagan to submit the pact to Congress for ratification as an executive agree-

ment. Both Republicans and Democrats on the committee accused each other of trying to exploit the nuclear arms control issue for political purposes.

to protect agents

on agents in other countries. The Intelligence Identities Protection Act

was hotly opposed by some congressmen who considered it a violation of the first amendment to the U.S. constitution which protects free speech and freedom of the press. It was the latest in a series of measures by the president to strengthen the country's espionage service and the clandestine activities of its agents. The budget and strength of the CIA are a state secret, and under Reagan its press service was disbanded.

Abu Dhabi sentences American to flogging

ABU DHABI, June 24 (R) - An American has become the first Westerner to be sentenced to flogging in Abu Dhabi for drinking liquor without a permit, public prosecu-tion officials said Thursday.

The man, identified as Michael Jan, was sentenced to 40 lashes Monday by a criminal court after pleading guilty to drinking without a license, they said. If he does not appeal within 15 days, the sentence will be carried

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